

Farmers & Merchants Bank

A saving account isn't a bad friend to turn to when in trouble, or opportunity knocks at your door. But there never was a saving account without a beginning. As little as one dollar will open an account here. Add to it as you feel like it.

OFFICERS

JOHN F. WALTROUS, Pres. CHRISTIAN GRAU, 2nd Vice Pres.
PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres. PAUL G. SCHAIBLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

John F. Waltrous James Guthrie John Farrell
Christian Grau John Kalmbach Lewis Geyer
Christian Kalmbach Peter Merkel O. C. Barkhart
H. L. Wood

Wanted---Red Wheat

The White Milling Co. is in the market at all times for Wheat, and will pay the highest market price.

See Us Before You Sell Your RED WHEAT.

We have on hand a good stock of bran and middlings. Flour and Feed Grinding done on short notice. Give us a trial. We can please you.

WHITE MILLING CO.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

Clover Seed Wanted.

We are in the market for all kinds of Grain and Produce.

Will pay 11c per pound for Chickens next week.

Have just received a car of green Posts, which we will sell at 15 and 17 cents.

If you intend to build a house or barn, or repair your old ones, let us figure on your bills.

We will always meet the market in a fair and businesslike way.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

VanRiper & Chandler

Tender meats daily, and no other kind is permitted to be sold over our counter. We take pride in cutting meats to please our customers.

Thanking you for past favors, we remain, yours truly,
VAN RIPER & CHANDLER.
Phone 59
Free Delivery.

Go-Carts and Cabs

We have just received a large line of Go-Carts and Cabs. See this line before you buy, as we can save you some money and show you the latest styles.

Woven Wire Fence

We have all kinds, such as the Lamb, Lion, Michigan, Page, Ellwood and Union. If you want something cheaper than these Standard makes we have the Peerless.

LOW PRICES on all HORSE GOODS

Special on Furniture for the next 4 weeks

See the largest Enameled Ware display that you ever saw.

25 Cents.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE TREAT YOU RIGHT.

TYPE OF ARTISTIC BEAUTY

LETITA GORDON.



[Sketched from life by Hugh Stuart Campbell with analysis by author.]
The artistic atmosphere is in evidence in this head. A blend of French adds a chic and coy expression to eyes, that are Americanized by the contour of the face in general. The drape of the hair is especially winsome. It brings out most advantageously all the glorious waves and shimmering lights, the pride of femininity. A restful poise combined with a pleasing outward calm, adds a quaint charm to the interesting picture.

INVADES MICHIGAN.

Brown-Tail Moth Found On Imported Nursery Stock.

The brown-tail moth, one of the most dreaded tree pests known, has at last come within the boundaries of Michigan. This pest was found by Prof. L. R. Taft, state inspector of nurseries and orchards, upon some nursery stock imported from France by a Michigan fruit-grower. Prof. Taft has not found it in any of the Michigan nurseries and it is hoped that by very prompt action, the pest can be stamped out without further spreading. Should the moth get a foothold in this state, it would mean a great loss to all who own any kind of trees. Massachusetts is annually spending nearly a million dollars in attempts to eradicate this pest which is ravaging in all of the New England states.

The brown-tail moth has done great harm in Europe, but there it is generally held in check by parasitic insects. When it was imported to the United States in 1890, none of the parasites, which help to counteract the devastations of the insects, were imported, with the result that the moths have been unchecked in their rapid growth.

The moth is white and is about the size of a cabbage caterpillar. It is named "brown-tail" because there are tufts of brown hair upon its abdomen. They are of a brownish color with a broken white strip along either side of the back and with two red dots near the rear portion.

Gleaners Get Job.

The prison board voted at the meeting Saturday to place the prison-twine output of 1909 in the hands of the Gleaners for distribution, the price to all farmers to be 7 1/2 cents a pound, payable October 15, 1909, with a discount of one-fourth a cent a pound when cash accompanies the order. All orders are to be secured by local secretaries of the Gleaners' association from farmers, whether members of the Gleaners or not, and all distributions and collections are to be made by them. For such services the secretaries are to be allowed a discount of one-fourth of one cent a pound from the bill.

A resolution was passed thanking the Gleaners for the gratifying manner in which the business was conducted by them last year, the state receiving every dollar of the receipts due it from the sale of twine.

Lincoln Supper.

There will be a Lincoln supper served by the Baptist church on Friday, February 12th. Supper from 5 until all are served. Price 25 cents.

MENU.

| | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Roast Pork. | Apple Sauce. |
| Scalloped Corn. | Pickles. |
| Potatoes. | Fruit Salad. |
| Doughnuts. | Cake. |

Also aprons for sale.

Lincoln Voters.

The following Lincoln voters have registered at the Standard office:

John Conaty
Geo. J. Crowell
J. G. Hoover
M. B. Millsbaugh
H. L. Wood
J. P. Wood
Thos. Wilkinson
R. W. Hall
Robert Foster
A. Steger
Wm. Saulsbury
C. T. Conklin
Chas. Tichenor
Leander Tichenor
John F. Waltrous
Geo. Spiegelberg
Seymour Tyndall
A. B. Skinner
W. I. Terry
Thomas Jackson
Chas. Kellogg
L. Babcock
C. S. Fenn
John Messner
Jay Everett
Thomas Holmes
T. W. Baldwin
Perry Barber
Wesley Canfield
W. H. Glenn
R. C. Glenn
C. M. Davis
J. L. Gilbert
A. W. Chapman
M. B. Millsbaugh

informs The Standard that he was the first man in Sylvan township to cast his vote for Lincoln, as he cast the first ballot placed in the box.

Chas. M. Davis was present at the convention that nominated Mr. Lincoln.

Lincoln Day at the Schools.

The grades and high school will have exercises at their respective rooms in honor of the one hundredth anniversary of the great Lincoln's birth Friday afternoon. The lower grades will close the day with a valentine postoffice.

The high school will carry out the program suggested by the G. A. R. which is as follows:

"Battle Hymn of the Republic."
Sketch of Abraham Lincoln.
Lincoln's Gettysburg Address.
Quotations from Lincoln's writings and speeches
"Star Spangled Banner."
Address, Life and Character of Lincoln—Rev. M. L. Grant.
America.
Benediction.

The program begins at one o'clock, standard. The public is cordially invited to be present and help do honor to the great man whose birth we celebrate.

Bids Wanted.

Bids wanted for remodeling and building an addition to Zion church, Rogers Corner. Plans and specifications can be seen at Fred Haist's residence. Bids will be opened February 22, at 1 o'clock p. m.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

FATALLY BURNED.

Clothing of Mrs. Boyce Caught Fire While Alone in Stockbridge Home.

While smoking Monday evening at the home of her son, Luther Boyce, Mrs. Boyce, aged 86 years, of Stockbridge, set her clothing afire and was terribly burned. Mrs. Boyce was alone in the house when the accident occurred, and attracted the attention of the neighbors by her screams. She was so badly burned that she is not expected to live.

Mrs. Boyce, with her son, was a resident of Chelsea for several years, and but a few months ago returned to Stockbridge.

Farmers' Institute.

The farmers' institute held at the Salem M. E. church, Friday, February 5, was a success regardless of bad roads and weather.

One of the pleasant features was the music furnished by the male quartette. The talk on the topic, "How to make the cow pay," by the state speaker, N. I. Moore, was ably discussed, making prominent the points warmth, ventilation, cleanliness, feed and care. The subject, "Mortgage lifters" was treated in a true business manner by Radolph M. Hoppe, making clear to the audience in dollars and cents that they are the real mortgage lifters. B. B. Kelley, of Ypsilanti, in the discussion showed that sheep were superior to hogs as mortgage lifters.

Rev. J. E. Beal gave an impressive address on "Character building," which was followed by a recitation by Mrs. H. J. Kruse, given in a pleasing manner. "Emergency methods" was handled in an instructive manner by N. I. Moore, giving to the audience many helpful suggestions of common diseases of animals and their treatment.

The paper by Mrs. Henry J. Geiske was received and enjoyed as one of the leading features of the institute.

Prof. E. E. Gallup not being present, the time was ably spent by C. T. Conklin giving a description of the west from a "Travelers standpoint."

"Balanced rations for the farmer and his family" by N. I. Moore was one of the finest addresses delivered at any institute in this section for years.

Farmers' Club Meeting.

The next meeting of the Western Washtenaw Union Farmers' Club will be held Friday, February 19, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Waltrous. The following is the program:

Music..... Club
Roll Call—Quotations from Washington or Lincoln.
Do women of today work harder than in Lincoln's time?
.....Mrs. D. Spaulding, Mrs. W. Canfield
Recitation..... R. B. Waltrous
The contrast between farming of today and Lincoln's day..... T. Baldwin
Reading..... Mrs. Geo. Chapman
"Though dead, they yet speak".....
Washington..... Rev. G. Chittenden
Lincoln..... Rev. M. L. Grant
Music..... Club
A New England dinner will be served.

Lincoln Evening.

The Bay View Reading Club observed the centenary of Abraham Lincoln's birth at the home of Mrs. A. Morton, on Jefferson street, Monday evening, February 8th. About seventy were present, as each member invited a guest, and all enjoyed the fine program, which consisted of papers, readings and patriotic music. The house was beautifully and appropriately decorated, which added much to the appreciation of the program as "Things seen are mightier than things heard" and our flag and National colors are eloquent in their silence. A light lunch was served and a social time enjoyed.

Bumped Again.

Henry L. Hague has about decided that his only safe method of locomotion is walking. He has two times been injured in railway accidents and has a suit for damages pending in the circuit court; but he did think he might enjoy a sleigh ride Tuesday, so he started. He had not rode two blocks, however, when his cutter struck a rail of the Main street car track, upset and threw him out, with his head striking the rail with such force as to stun him, when pedestrians hastened to his side and drove him off the track barely in time to escape a fast car. Now he says, "it's walk for me."—Jackson Star.

G. H. Foster & Son have sold eight Baker windmills since January 1st and have erected six, but George says that is nothing, the Baker mill sells itself. It runs with eccentric, every revolution is a stroke of the pump. It is the best mill made to handle itself in heavy windstorms; runs when all others stand still, and has the best wearing parts of any mill made.

Saturday, Feb. 13, '09

IS

Demonstration

Day

AT OUR STORE.

BISCUITS

The National Biscuit Company will send a demonstrator to demonstrate the cleanliness, goodness, crispness and superior quality of their goods, and you will have an opportunity of sampling new products.

COFFEES

The J. M. Bour Company will have one of their experts conduct a practical demonstration of their high grade coffees. This demonstration will illustrate the proper method of preparing and serving coffee to obtain the most satisfactory results.

We Are Selling:

20 pounds Granulated Sugar, \$1.00.
3 cans Sweet Corn, 25c.
2 cans VanCamp's Pork and Beans 25c
7 pounds Best Rolled Oats, 25c.
7 pounds Broken Rice, 25c.
3 cans Tomatoes, 25c.
Jackson Gem Flour, sack, 65c.
Dr. Holland's Medicated Stock Salt, 100 pounds, \$5.00.
International Stock Food, large pails, \$2.50.
Zenoleum, gallon cans, \$1.25.
Tobacco Dust, 6 pounds, 25c.
Navel Oranges, dozen, 20c.
3 pounds Large Prunes 25c
Mackerel, each, 10c
7 pounds Bulk Starch, 25c.

FREEMAN & CUMMINGS CO.

New Flour AND Feed Store

Having engaged in the Flour and Feed Business we are prepared to serve our patrons with the leading grades and brands of flour on the market.

We Carry Fourteen Different Brands.

Waterloo and Unadilla Buckwheat Flour. Chelsea make of Flour and Feed at the same price as at the mill. No waits for the general delivery as our horse is always hitched and ready.

Bran and Middlings, \$1.25 per hundred. Call and see us.

HUMMEL BROS.

Try our Job Department for your Printing.

May the New Year

Prove a Prosperous One To All

And if the months of January, February and March should find you uncomfortable for the reason of having a poor stove, remember that the place to get a new one that will keep you warm and comfortable, is at BELSER'S Hardware Store, where you can always find a line of Round Oaks and Garlands that can not be beat. Remember I carry a full line of

Stoves, Hardware, Farm Implements,

Paints, Oils, Sash, Doors,

and Furniture.

FRED. H. BELSER.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOPER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

No More Warfare.

Shallier Matthews, writing to The World To-Day on "The Church and Scholarship," predicts that the day of warfare between science and theology, if not past, is fast passing. The scientific method has introduced a new era in the religious thinking of today. This, he says, is indicated by the fact that the churches no longer fear "the higher criticism." The church is utilizing the results of other than theological sciences. "Church workers are coming to feel that the entire range of scientific investigation may furnish material for religious activity. Thus, in the region of biology the old suspicion of the theories of evolution is rapidly passing. The ordinary position of the intelligent churchman is that it makes little difference just how humanity came into existence, whether in an evolutionary fashion or by creation. In either case it was due to the operation of God. Similarly, in the psychology of religion, it is only recently that our psychologists have seriously considered religious experience. Now there are few psychologists who are not to some extent working in the field, and the literature on the psychology side of religion is rapidly assuming large proportions."

For our action in Santo Domingo we enjoy the ample recompense of having a peaceful and prosperous neighbor, instead of a turbulent one, a pretty good result of appointing a single civilian official under a diplomatic agreement. In collaboration with Mexico we have been trying to help Central America, and we have been instrumental in obtaining the establishment of a novel feature in international relations, a court of appeal, to which disputes arising among the five Central American states may be taken for adjustment, relates the Washington Herald. This court has just made its first decision, and it is hoped that its awards may become an acceptable substitute for the petty warfare that has desolated one of the fairest portions of the Americas. It is all work comporting with the national spirit of altruism that freed Cuba and is trying to set the Filipinos on their feet. Our policy in the Caribbean, in other words, is one of neighborly interest and influence, and not one of overlordship or bullying self-assertion. We have every reason to feel that it is justified by its practical consequences.

By legislative act Massachusetts required that the question of providing public playgrounds should be embodied in a referendum and presented to the people of all towns and cities of over 10,000 inhabitants. Some cities already have playgrounds that satisfy the spirit of the law. Of 23 other cities that voted on the question, 22 gave an overwhelming answer in favor of playgrounds. Those who pretend that the people have not sense enough to know what they want may be interested to learn that Worcester and New Bedford voted "no" for liquor and "yes" for playgrounds. In Springfield the license forces tried some disingenuous advertising: "Vote Yes!" On both questions at the bottom of the ballot. Vote for license; vote for playgrounds. Both stand for civic progress. Springfield did vote "yes" on both questions, but the majority for liquor license was only twenty-three hundred, whereas the majority for playgrounds was more than nine thousand.

A factory has been established in Holland for the manufacture of drinking vessels made of ice. They are covered with an envelope of waxed paper, which prevents the unpleasant sensation of handling melting ice. The method of manufacture is extremely simple; the water is put between an outer and an inner mold and placed in a refrigerator apparatus, whence it emerges as a delicate crystal goblet fit to receive the choicest vintage. It will be necessary to keep the vessel in a refrigerator until it is wanted.

Cornstalks have hitherto been used chiefly for fodder and fiddles. The farmers' boys have made the fiddles and the cattle have eaten the fodder. The department of agriculture, which has already made paper from the stalks as a laboratory experiment, is planning to go into the business extensively enough to test the commercial value of this new paper material. It thus hopes by encouraging the raising of corn to prevent the razing of the forests.

Physicians have been in the habit of laughing at the popular custom of owning sugar in stickrooms as a disinfectant. A scientist in the Pasteur Institute, Paris, has, however, recently discovered that burning sugar develops acetylene hydrogen, one of the most powerful antiseptic gases known.

A St. Louis man has been fined \$10 for stealing a kiss from a pretty girl. She prosecuted him for petty larceny, or the fine might possibly have been larger.

REPORTS OF NEEDS OF FARMER

SITUATION AS SEEN BY COMMISSION ON COUNTRY LIFE.

DEFICIENCIES POINTED OUT

Agriculture at Present Not Commercially as Profitable as It is Entitled to Be—Highly Organized Rural Society Recommended as Desirable Step—Possible for Congress to Remove Many of the Handicaps.

Washington.—The report of the commission on country life, made to the president, was read in both houses of congress. Substantially the report was as follows:

To the President: The commission on country life, heretofore known as the Rural Society, has the honor to report to you the results of its investigation into the conditions of rural life in the United States. The report is based on a study of the conditions of rural life in the United States, taken together, is prosperous commercially, when measured by the conditions that have obtained in previous years. Although there are some regions in which this is only partially true. The country people are producing vast quantities of supplies for food, shelter, clothing and for use in the country homes are improving in comfort, attractiveness and healthfulness. Not only in the material wealth that they produce, but in the supply of independent and strong citizenship, the agricultural people constitute the very foundation of our national efficiency. As agriculture is the immediate basis of country life, so it follows that the general affairs of the open country, speaking broadly, are in a condition of improvement.

Most Prominent Deficiencies.

Yet it is true, notwithstanding all this progress as measured by historical standards, that agriculture is not commercially as profitable as it is entitled to be for the labor and energy that the farmer expends and the risks that he assumes, and that the social conditions in the open country are far short of their possibilities. We must measure our agricultural efficiency by the possibilities rather than by comparison with previous conditions. The farmer is almost necessarily handicapped in the development of his business, because his capital is small and the volume of his transactions limited, and he usually stands practically alone against organized interests. In the general readjustment of modern life, such to the great changes in manufactures and commerce, inequalities and discriminations have arisen, and naturally the separate man suffers most. The unattached man has problems that government should understand. The reasons for the lack of a highly organized rural society are very many, as the full report explains. The leading specific causes are:

A lack of knowledge on the part of farmers of the exact agricultural conditions and possibilities of their regions.

Lack of good training for country life in the schools.

Lack of good highway facilities.

The widespread continuing depletion of soils, with the injurious effect on rural life.

A general need of new and active leadership.

Other causes contributing to the general result are: Lack of any adequate system of agricultural credit, whereby the farmer may readily secure loans on fair terms; the shortage of labor, a condition that is often amplified by the interference among workmen; lack of institutions and incentives that tie the laboring man to the soil; the burdens and the narrow life of farm women; lack of adequate supervision of public health.

Nature of the Remedies.

Some of the remedies lie with the national government, some of them with the states and communities, some with voluntary organizations, and some with individuals acting alone. From the great number of suggestions that have been made, covering every phase of country life, the commission now enumerates those that seem to be most fundamental or most needed at the present time.

Congress should remove some of the handicaps of the farmer, and it can also set some kinds of work in motion such as:

The encouragement of a system of thorough-going surveys of all agricultural regions in order to take stock and to develop a scientifically and economically sound country life.

The establishing of a nationalized system of extension work in rural communities through all the land-grant colleges with the people at their homes and on their farms.

A thorough-going investigation by experts of the middleman system of handling farm products, coupled with a general inquiry into the farm's disadvantages in respect to taxation, transportation rates, cooperation organizations, and credit, and the general business system.

An inquiry into the control and use of the streams of the United States with the object of protecting the people in their ownership and of saving to agricultural uses such benefits as should be reserved for these purposes.

The establishing of a highway engineering service, or equivalent organization, to be at the call of the states in working out effective and economical highway systems.

The establishing of a system of parcels post and postal savings banks.

And providing some means or agency for the guidance of public opinion toward the development of a rural life that shall rest directly on the land.

Other remedies recommended for consideration by congress are:

The enlargement of the United States bureau of education, so as to be able to stimulate and co-ordinate the educational work of the nation.

Careful attention to the farmers' interests in legislation on the tariff, on regulation of railroads, control of speculation, legislation in respect of rivers, forests, and the utilization of swamp lands.

Increasing the powers of the federal government in respect to the supervision and control of the public health.

Providing such regulations as will enable the states that do not permit the sale of liquors to protect themselves from traffic from adjoining states.

In setting all these forces in motion, the co-operation of the states will be

necessary; and in many cases definite state laws may greatly aid the work. Remedies of more general nature are: broad campaign of publicity, that must be undertaken until all the people are informed on the whole subject of rural life, and until they are awakened to the appreciation of the necessity of giving this phase of our national development as much attention as has been given to other phases or necessities of the country people, to the community and the state in the conserving of soil fertility, and in the necessity for diversifying farming or developing this fertility; and to develop a better rural society, and also in the better safe-guarding of the strength and happiness of the farm women; a more widespread sense of responsibility on the part of the people for economic but not for social purposes, this organization to be more or less co-operative, so that all the people may share equally in the benefits and voice in the essential affairs of the community; a realization on the part of the farmer that he has a distinct natural responsibility toward the laborer in providing him with good living facilities and in helping him in every way to be a man among men; and a realization on the part of all the people of the obligation to protect and develop the rural life, and the attractiveness of the open country.

Underlying Problem of Country Life.

The commission has pointed out a number of remedies that are extremely important; but running through all of these remedies are several great forces or principles, which must be utilized in order to solve the problems of country life. All the people should recognize what these fundamental forces and agencies are.

Knowledge.—To improve any situation, the underlying facts must be exactly what they are. The farmer must have exact knowledge of his business and of the peculiar conditions under which he works. The United States department of agriculture, the state agricultural stations and colleges are rapidly acquiring and distributing this knowledge; but the farmer may not be able to apply it to the best advantage because of his lack of knowledge of soil, climate, animal and plant diseases, markets, and other local facts. The farmer is entitled to know what are the advantages and disadvantages of his environment. A thorough-going system of surveys in detail of the exact conditions underlying farming in every locality is now an indispensable need of complete and accurate information for the agricultural institutions. As an occupation, agriculture is a means of developing our internal resources; we cannot develop these resources until we know exactly what they are.

Education.—There must be not only a fuller scheme of public education, but a new kind of education adapted to the real needs of the farming people.

The object of the commission on country life, therefore, is not to help the farmer raise better crops, but to call his attention to the opportunities for better business and better living on the farm. If country life becomes what it should be, and what I believe it ultimately will be—one of the most dignified, desirable, and sought-after ways of earning a living—the farmer must take advantage of the opportunities for knowledge which is at his disposal, but of the methods which have raised and continue to raise the standards of living and intelligence in other callings.

For Better Business and Living.

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To Develop Country Community.

To improve our system of agriculture seems to me the most urgent of the tasks which lie before us. But it cannot, in my judgment, be effected by measures which touch only the material and technical side of the subject; the whole business and life of the farmer must also be taken into account. Such considerations led me to appoint the commission on country life. Our object should be to help develop in the country community a more dignified and better life as well as of personal character. One of the most important adjuncts to this end must be the country church, and I invite your attention to what the commission has to say on this subject.

Necessity for Co-Operation.

It is true that country life has improved greatly in attractiveness, health and comfort, and that the farmer's earnings are higher than they were. But city life is advancing even more rapidly, because of the greater attention which is being given by the citizens of the towns to their own betterment. For this reason the industry of effective agricultural co-operation throughout the United States is of the first importance. Where farmers are organized co-operatively they not only secure for themselves a more profitable business, but they also improve their conditions of living and their standards of living. It is found that the organizations which bring them together in the work of their lives are used also for social and intellectual purposes, and for the promotion of their common interests.

Work to Help the Farmers.

The commission has tried to help the farmer to see clearly their own problem and to see it as a whole; to distinguish clearly between what the government can do and what the farmer must do for themselves; and it wishes to bring not only the farmers, but the nation as a whole, to realize that the growing of crops is not an essential part, is only a part of country life. Crop growing is the essential foundation, but it is not less essential that the farmer shall get an adequate return for what he grows; that he shall be able to live on the land; that he shall be able to raise his children and lead the right kind of life.

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POINTS OF IMPROVEMENTS FOR COUNTRY COMMUNITIES

Special Message of President of Utmost Interest to Farmers.

Urges That Social as Well as Productive Side of Farm Life Be Built Up—Work for the Federal Department.

Washington.—With the report of the country life commission President Roosevelt sent the following message to both houses of congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: I transmit herewith the report of the commission on country life. At the outset I desire to point out that not only the country people, but the people of the nation as a whole, are interested in the work of the commission.

The report shows the general condition of farming life in the open country, and points out the largest and most immediate needs of the country life stand out: First, effective co-operation among farmers, to put them on a level with the organized interests with which they do business.

Second, a new kind of schools in the country, which shall teach the children as much outdoors as indoors and perhaps more, so that they will prepare for country life, and not as at present, mainly for life in town.

Third, better means of communication, including good roads and a parcels post, which the country people are everywhere, and rightly, unanimous in demanding.

To these may well be added better sanitation; for easily preventable diseases hold several million country people in the slavery of continuous ill health.

Duty of the Government.

The commission points out, and I concur in the conclusion, that the most important duty of the government, whether national or state, can give is to show the people how to go about these tasks of organization, education and communication with the best and quickest results. This may be done by the collection and spread of information. One community can thus be informed of what other communities have done, and one country of what other countries have done. Such help by the people's government would lead to a comprehensive plan of organization, education and communication, and make the farming country better to live in, for intellectual and social reasons as well as for purely agricultural reasons.

The only recommendation I submit is that an appropriation of \$25,000 be provided, to enable the commission to digest the material it has collected, and to collect and digest much more that is within its reach, and thus complete its work. This would enable the commission to gather in the harvest of suggestion which is resulting from the discussion it has stirred up. The commission has served without compensation, and I do not recommend any appropriation for their services, but only for the expenses that will be required to finish the task they have begun.

To Develop Country Community.

To improve our system of agriculture seems to me the most urgent of the tasks which lie before us. But it cannot, in my judgment, be effected by measures which touch only the material and technical side of the subject; the whole business and life of the farmer must also be taken into account. Such considerations led me to appoint the commission on country life. Our object should be to help develop in the country community a more dignified and better life as well as of personal character. One of the most important adjuncts to this end must be the country church, and I invite your attention to what the commission has to say on this subject.

Necessity for Co-Operation.

It is true that country life has improved greatly in attractiveness, health and comfort, and that the farmer's earnings are higher than they were. But city life is advancing even more rapidly, because of the greater attention which is being given by the citizens of the towns to their own betterment. For this reason the industry of effective agricultural co-operation throughout the United States is of the first importance. Where farmers are organized co-operatively they not only secure for themselves a more profitable business, but they also improve their conditions of living and their standards of living. It is found that the organizations which bring them together in the work of their lives are used also for social and intellectual purposes, and for the promotion of their common interests.

Work to Help the Farmers.

The commission has tried to help the farmer to see clearly their own problem and to see it as a whole; to distinguish clearly between what the government can do and what the farmer must do for themselves; and it wishes to bring not only the farmers, but the nation as a whole, to realize that the growing of crops is not an essential part, is only a part of country life. Crop growing is the essential foundation, but it is not less essential that the farmer shall get an adequate return for what he grows; that he shall be able to live on the land; that he shall be able to raise his children and lead the right kind of life.

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ARMSTRONG CASE TAKES NEW TURN

FIRST CHARGE IS DISMISSED AND REARREST MADE ON NEW ONE.

BAIL MADE MUCH LARGER

Bondsmen, Promptly Respond and Case Goes to Next Week—Seeking For New Evidence.

When Justice Russell opened court Monday morning, in the preliminary hearing of Warden Allen N. Armstrong of Jackson prison, charged with accepting a bribe of \$100 from Gen. Fred W. Green, of the Acme Reed Furniture Co., the court room was crowded to the doors and hundreds stood in the street unable to gain admittance. The warden was half an hour late in arriving, but his attorneys, J. W. Miner and W. S. Cobb, were on hand early and said that they considered the case against their client a very flimsy one.

There was a hitch in the proceedings as soon as the warden appeared. Prosecutor Reece told the court that he wanted the warden dismissed on the original complaint and rearrested on a new warrant issued earlier this morning, charging Armstrong with soliciting a bribe under the common law, instead of under the statute, in the eyes of the prosecutor a more serious complaint. This was immediately done.

Armstrong's bondsmen, ex-Senator Archibald Peck and Herbert S. Reynolds, renewed their obligations as sureties, but they were obliged to qualify to the extent of \$10,000 in each case, the bail having been raised from \$6,000.

"You can make the bail \$100,000 if you like," suggested Mr. Miner, one of the warden's attorneys.

"Do you really think anybody in Jackson has that much money?" Mr. Reece jokingly asked Mr. Miner.

"You can't prove it by me," Mr. Miner answered.

Mr. Miner asked for an adjournment of the hearing on the new warrant until 9 a. m. Tuesday, Feb. 16. Mr. Reece was agreeable to the postponement, and the big crowd filed out of the court much disappointed. Everybody was anxious to see the case go on. Those on the outside of the court, unable to gain admittance on account of the smallness of the court, heard the news with approval, however, for it was announced that the examination next week would take place in the court house, where the accommodations are much better.

The change made in the third count of the warrant against the warden was as follows:

"And that he, said Allen N. Armstrong, would thereafter so manage, supervise and control the work of said prison under said contract, and the assignment of the convict labor thereunder result in what it had not heretofore been, a profitable enterprise for the Acme Reed Furniture Co."

It is known that Prosecutor Reece is making preparations to investigate rumors in connection with the installation of the blinder twine plant at the prison, and the methods adopted. The prosecutor, however, intimates that he has thus far nothing definite to work on in this connection, but that he expects to dig up evidence within the near future.

All Summer Session.

That the special session of congress to be called in March, for the purpose of revising the tariff will be prolonged far into the summer and possibly into the fall months, is the belief of the leaders of the house who have been advised of the many problems that have been presented for the solution of the Republican members of the committee on ways and means.

Not only are the numbers of the committee finding it difficult to reach an agreement on important schedules, but it is already apparent that the house will insist upon a full and free discussion when the tariff bill is presented for consideration.

The situation is disquieting to the Republican leaders. They appreciate the necessity of early action, but from present indications protracted debate on the subject in the house will be followed on the part of the senate. There will come the wrangle in conference.

Speaker Cannon has refused to make any engagements for July, as he expects congress to be in session until the 15th of that month, and in all probability for some time afterwards.

Busted the Trust.

The outer proceedings of the state of Texas against the American Book company came to an abrupt termination at Austin by an agreed judgment being entered in favor of the state for \$15,000 penalties and ouster from the state.

One of the principal reasons for the action of the state for compromising was that the company has no property in the state which could be levied on in case that larger penalties were obtained. The state sued for penalties approximating three million dollars.

Will Sue for Libel.

It is maintained by Governor Haskell's friends that the governor will bring suit against Roosevelt because as the latter retires from the presidency, similar to the \$600,000 suit against Hearst.

QUILLBACK BUYS A NEW CLOCK.

Then He Shows False Economy of Keeping Old One Too Long.

"At last," said Mr. Quillback, "we have bought a new clock, and goodness knows we needed it."

"The old clock was a small, round, nickel-plated timekeeper, we had had for some years, and in the course of time it began to show signs of wear. But we hated to go to the expense of a new clock so long as we could make that one do, so we kept it, shaking her up most every day for something like a year until finally it got to be so tiresome that we mustered up courage and bought a new clock."

"And then I did a little figuring. In the course of a year I had spent an average of five minutes a day shaking up that old clock on, say, 300 days, making, to make the cost of a new clock, gross total of time spent amounting to 1,500 minutes. You divide this by 60 and you find that I had spent in shaking up that blessed old clock a little more than 25 hours!"

"Now, in the way of income, you know, I don't pretend to class up with the Rockefeller and Carnegies and that sort of folks, but figuring my earning capacity on the modest basis of 50 cents an hour I find that I have spent in shaking up that miserable old ticker time to the value of \$1250! And the new clock cost only 69 cents!"

"Of course, buying the new clock when we did instead of a year sooner, we saved the wear on it in that period, and if we count the life of such a clock at say ten years we find that we have thus saved about seven cents' worth of wear on the new clock, and this, properly, of course, should be deducted from the \$1250, but even at that, in the best showing possible we find that to save 69 cents we have met with a net loss of \$1243, to say nothing of the wear and tear on us caused by the aggravation of having to shake the old clock up every day and make it go!"

"We had been, as in so many ways we are prone to be, penny wise and pound foolish, but we are learning wisdom and we haven't got to shake the old clock up any more, anyway."

Lords in Livery.

Mr. Smith was chatting with the proprietor of a big garage when a chauffeur came in.

"Good morning, Mr. B!" remarked the master of the establishment.

Mr. Smith presently asked: "Why the Mr.?"

"He is the son of a formerly rich city man," was the reply. "The post of chauffeur is acceptable to a penniless young fellow of rank. There are several who come here who have blue blood in their veins. One of these—the cousin of a duke—was trained by a leading motor expert, himself a member of a titled family."

"One day the young fellow was sent out to give a trial run in a car. The would-be customer was a wealthy but illiterate old lady, who was so pleased with him that she handed him half a dollar."

"There, young man," she said. "Don't spend it foolishly!"

"Back he went to the garage in a state of wild indignation.

"Look here, Mr. X," he cried, "that old woman gave me half a dollar!"

"You're lucky, was the quiet reply. "Last time I took her out she gave me only a quarter."

Forestry in Japan.

Japan has longer than any other country practiced technical forestry. With extraordinary skill and absolute success the authorities have for 1,200 years planted and cared for the forest trees. "The results," writes a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, "have been, really wonderful, for through the extremely sedulous management and the knowledge and skill by degrees attained the financial gains have been very large. Indeed, not a twig is ever wasted. The trees are regarded as almost sacred property, and not a particle of any one of them is regarded as rubbish, so close is the utilization. Tinning and all departments of arboreal culture are very carefully conducted. At the end of 13 years from planting a wood lot is thinned by experts, and then every five years the process is repeated for 120 years, the average period of the cultivation of a set of trees."

Belgian Children.

This delight in the family life is characteristic of all Belgians. One sees in Brussels and Antwerp mothers promenading in the boulevard or the Bois with a cigar in his mouth, madame leaning on his arm, and the children, hand in hand, walking sedately under the proud eyes of their parents.

One finds children in the restaurants and children in the music halls. The pleasures of father and mother are shared always with the nursery. To go junketing without the children would appear to the Belgian not only selfish but dull. His happiness is the happiness of his children. He sees the circus half with his own eyes and half with theirs. The toyshops and bookshops in Brussels tell of the paramount part played by the child. The happiness of this people is the pleasure of domesticity.

An Ignorance of Values.

"You shouldn't have said you could hire all the brains you need for \$25 a week," said the New York politician's friend.

SA... By L... Veg... table... LEE, 35... Ad... Adria... misery... doctor... cure... chance... much... Vegeta... me... HENRY... Thirty... Pink... cure... fine... of... by... Lydia... pound... distress... so many... La... The... tion... of... body... It... every... no... help... La... The... med... in... All... SIG... CAR... P... They reg... SMALL... CART... P... Have... strong... P... CUR... G... Many... head... It... Ch... the... head... estimate... Price... 2... See... My... Many... in... to... My... strong... P... Al... man... who...

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Louisville, Ky.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has certainly done me a world of good and I cannot praise it enough. I suffered from irregularities, dizziness, nervousness, and a severe female trouble. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored me to perfect health and kept me from the operating table. I will never be without this medicine in the house."—Mrs. SAM'L LEE, 3233 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

Another Operation Avoided. Adrian, Ga.—"I suffered untold misery from female troubles, and my doctor said an operation was my only chance, and I dreaded it almost as much as death. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me without an operation."—LENA V. HENRY, R. F. D. 3.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

Headache, Backache, Sideache, A Worn-out Feeling. These are especially women's afflictions. They are caused by irregular working of some of the functions of the body. It is of the utmost importance to every woman to know that there is no medicine so valuable for her, so helpful, so strengthening, as Lane's Family Medicine.

Lane's Family Medicine (called also Lane's Tea) This tonic-laxative is a great blood medicine and is the favorite regulating medicine of old and young. All druggists sell it in 50c. and 25c. packages.

SICK HEADACHE Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, and all ailments of the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

COLDS CURED IN ONE DAY. Have you stiff or swollen joints, no matter how chronic? Ask your druggist for how quickly you will be cured. If you have an kidney or bladder trouble get Munyon's Kidney Remedy. Munyon's Vitallizer makes weak men strong and restores lost powers. Prof. Munyon has just issued a Magazine, which will be sent free to any person in millions of homes. At all druggists, 25 cts.

GRIP. Children. The family life is all Belgians. One and Antwerp mot in the boulevard or cigar in his mouth. In his arm, and the hand, walking so proud eyes of their

Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fever, stops Discharges of nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and prevents Pneumonia. Price 25c.

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SERIAL STORY

THE SMUGGLER

By ELLA MIDDLETON TYBOUT

Illustrations by Ray Walters

SYNOPSIS.

Three girls—Elizabeth, Gabrielle and Edith—started for Canada to spend the summer there. On board steamer they were frightened by an apparently demented stranger who, finding a bag belonging to one of them, took enjoyment in scrutinizing a photo of the trio. The young women met Mrs. Graham, anxiously awaiting her husband, who had a mania for sailing. They were introduced to Lord Wilfrid and Lady Edith. A cottage by the ocean was rented. Two men of Edith's father, a wife of yellow hair from Mr. Graham's pocket fell into the hands of Edith. Mrs. Graham's hair was black. Fearing for the safety of some jewels, Lady Edith left them in a safe at the cottage. Mr. Gordon Bennett was properly introduced, explained his actions on board ship. Edith, alone, explored the cellar, overhearing a conversation there between Mary Anne and a man. He proved to be her son, charged with murder. At a supper, which was held on the rocks, Elizabeth rather mysteriously lost her ring, causing a search by the entire party. Gabrielle witnessed a stormy scene between Lady Edith and Lord Wilfrid, jealousy being the cause. Mary Anne brought back Elizabeth's ring. Edith went sailing with Gordon Bennett. He tried to persuade her to return the jewels left in the girl's care by Lady Edith. At midnight Edith saw two men—one of them Gordon Bennett—attempts to force an entrance into their boat-house. She admitted to herself that she had nearly loved him and believed herself used as a tool. Mrs. Graham, sick, told Edith of her husband's love for another woman.

CHAPTER XIV.—Continued.

"Come," she repeated, and like one hypnotized, I followed down the stairs and out upon the beach, where the water lapped sullenly, for the tide was low.

We walked along in silence, and I wrapped the shawl closely around me, for I was shivering with a chill within as much as without. When we reached our boat-house she paused on the little slip and stretched out her hands toward the water.

"And another voice is calling, Oh, it cometh from the sea. With an undertone of danger— But there's work for you and me." She repeated the words almost dreamily.

"It is the message she sent, the woman with yellow hair. I needed you, too, Harry, and I called you, but the voice from the sea was stronger, and I understand. Oh, my dear, I begin to understand!"

The stars were gone now, and a faint red line replaced the dull gray of the horizon. A gull flew close by us with a frightened whirring of white wings, and an enterprising wave slapped sharply against the slip; for the tide was coming in now, and the ocean was rippling with little white-crested waves.

The east grew rosily pink, then glowed brightly golden as out of the water rose a scarlet ball that hung suspended a moment between heaven and earth, then smiled upon the world and flooded it with radiance.

"It is day," said Mrs. Graham, "and he is coming."

She pointed at a dark object rounding the end of the island, and as it drew nearer I recognized the government boat, with which we had now grown quite familiar. I felt a strange sense of awe and unreality as I watched it approach, almost as though it were a phantom ship and the sparkling ocean the river Styx.

Mrs. Graham spoke but once as the boat drew nearer, stopped, and lowered a rowboat, that headed for the slip.

"I am glad," she said, simply, "that he never knew I knew; he never liked to hurt me."

There were three men in the little boat, and I recognized two of them, Gordon Bennett and his friend Mr. Blake. I do not think I was surprised to see them there, for I had succumbed to a sort of numbness of intellect wherein nothing could astonish me. So I only walked to the edge of the wharf and looked the question my lips refused to utter.

to Mrs. Graham and tried to speak, but could only put my arm about her and draw her close to me. "Come home with me," I managed to say, at last—"home to the cottage. We want you." But she only stared at me with wide, tearless eyes. "I must go home," she said, "to his home, and get ready for him. They are bringing him back to me, and he has always found me waiting. I have never disappointed him, and this time also I will be ready."

CHAPTER XV.

I do not wish to speak about the week which followed. Even now I do not like to think about it, although its long days are indelibly photographed upon my mind. I can see Mrs. Graham walking around with her stony calmness, directing everything, and receiving all efforts at sympathy with the same impenetrable air of reserve and the same proud dignity which forbade pity and discouraged intimacy.

We did what we could, which was distressingly little, and we also suffered not a few pangs of remorse at having presumed to judge her. For we realized this woman had suffered much and in silence; that she had loved deeply and been sorely wounded; and had endured the unendurable with a loyalty and patience worthy the admiration we felt and would have liked to express had she permitted us to do so.

We realized also that we had known her only when exhausted nature had rebelled at the strain imposed upon it, when her vitality had little by little been sapped away and the long continued tension of her nerves was about to snap at this last turning of the screw. We remembered the many hours she had spent alone in the bleak little house, and thought of the things we might have done with the keen regret that comes when the opportunity is gone and it is too late.

So we were obliged to stand sorrowfully aloof and watch her prepare for her last journey with Harry Graham. We could only hope that after a white bitterness of grief might pass

away—that she might forget what she had already forgiven, and think of him only as the boy who had loved and married her. And this we hoped, knowing that God is merciful and time erases much.

Once I found her gazing at the picture of her child.

"I am going home to him," she said; "he needs me. There is much he must be taught—self-denial, honesty, forbearance—all of life's lessons. He must learn them all. And he shall be a good man."

Only at the last, as she stood in the door closely veiled and ready for the long journey home, which she insisted upon undertaking alone, did she relax even a little. Then she drew me to her and kissed me, and I could feel warm tears upon my face.

"Some time," she said, "later on, I will write to you. And some time I will see you again. You were very, very good to me, and I thank you, Good-by."

Thus she passed out of our lives, and we settled down again, a little graver, perhaps, and a little less apt to treat every subject as a joke. Elizabeth said she did not love the ocean as much as formerly, while Gabrielle confessed she often went out of her way to avoid seeing the little house on the shore, now lonely and unoccupied. As for me, I often awoke with a start, thing I heard! Mrs. Graham calling me, and half expecting to find her standing beside my bed, waiting for me to go out with her just as dawn was breaking.

It was then that our friendship for Lady Edith ripened into love. She was so sympathetic, so gentle, and so patient with the strange attitude assumed by poor Mrs. Graham. One could not but admire a woman whose every advance was frigidly repelled, yet made no comment and expressed no surprise, but quietly did all in her power to help a sister woman through the deep waters that engulfed her.

Her charity was extended to Mr. Graham also, and, while no explanation nor excuse seemed possible regarding him, she covered his past with a mantle of silence, in effect somewhat resembling the soft powdering of freshly fallen snow upon the mire of the streets.

"Let us not talk about him," she once said gently, when we were discussing the subject. "He is dead. Perhaps he was tempted beyond his strength—who knows?" She spent much time with us at the cottage, and although the strain we all

felt more or less was apparent in the pallor of her cheeks and the black circles about her eyes, her quiet cheerfulness never failed, and she was always ready to respond to any appeal for advice or assistance. We grew to depend greatly upon her, and felt as though we had known her always.

Not so Lord Wilfrid. A card left formally at Mrs. Graham's door was the only indication he gave of any knowledge of the deplorable event which had shaken our little community to its foundations, and not even his sister could induce him to do anything more.

"Hang it all!" he said roughly, one evening when she had urged upon him the necessity of at least offering to be of any assistance in his power, "why should I mix myself up in it? The man is dead, and, from all accounts, it seems a good riddance."

"But, Wilfrid, dear, remember we knew them before we met them here. It does not seem kind—"

"We knew them—yes, so we did. Why should I forget it? I have done all I ever mean to do for him. And don't ask me to go near that house where he lies dead—his wife looks and looks at you with her big, solemn eyes, reading your very soul. There are some things even you cannot make me do, and—"

"Wilfrid!" He stopped abruptly, and with a muttered apology left the veranda. His sister sighed a little as she turned to Gabrielle, who sat next her. "Poor Wilfrid!" she said. "Only see how nervous he is. He always has this strange aversion to death, and he did not like Mr. Graham—men know men. I fear he is not as strong as I thought, for this sad affair has completely unnerved him. Have you not noticed how badly he looks?"

It was indeed patent that he was far from well. He was sullen and irritable, his complexion had assumed a dull, pasty hue, and his eyes were shifty and troubled.

"I believe," remarked Elizabeth that night when we were alone, "that Lord Wilfrid takes some kind of a drug which gives him that queer greenish look."

"Poor Lady Edith!" I said. "I believe she has troubles of her own with him."

"And how bravely she hides them!" added Gabrielle, thoughtfully. "Well, it only goes to prove what I have said all along: Blood will tell."

But if Lord Wilfrid failed in the ordinary courtesies of humanity, Gordon Bennett did all and more than could have been expected of him, and I soon forgot his scarf-pin with the Sphinx's head, and also the fact that I had seen him trying to force an entrance into our boat-house, which extraordinary proceeding was still unexplained.

So the days passed, and we slowly resumed our ordinary routine, recovering from the shock with the elasticity of youth and health, and quite willing to put the dreadful episode away from us.

There was a ball at the hotel one night, and we all went, glad of the diversion afforded by the lights and music, and pleasantly conscious that our gowns were all that could be desired.

Gordon Bennett and Mr. Blake, as well as many other cottagers, sailed over to participate, and as the floor was good, the music excellent, and men plentiful, we enjoyed ourselves very much indeed.

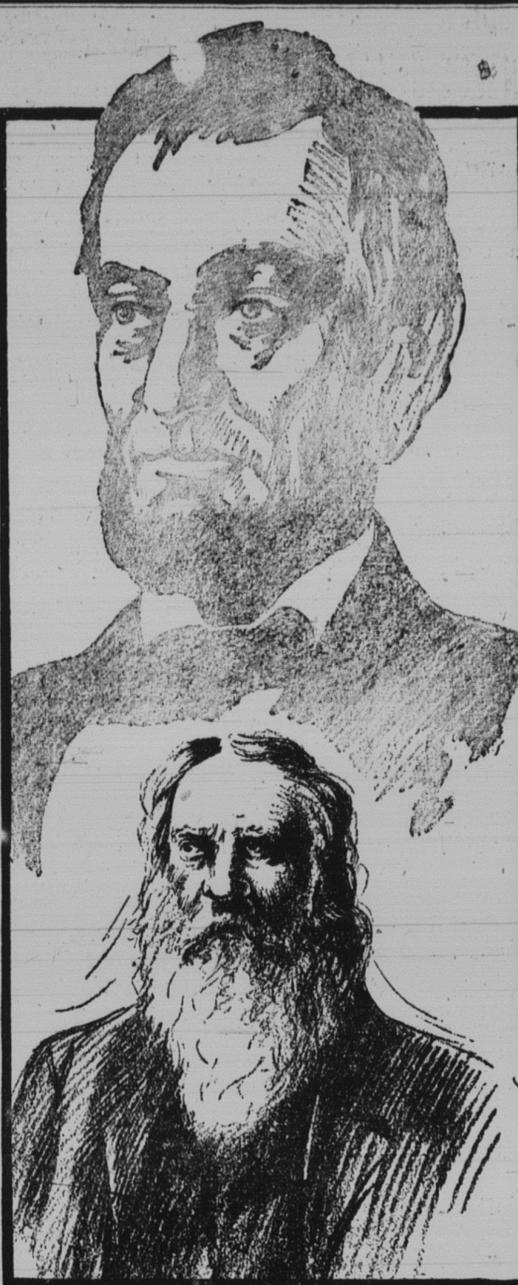
Mr. Blake danced once with me, but I noticed that his eyes continually followed Lady Edith's graceful figure, again attired in the black gown which afforded such an effective background for her golden hair and white shoulders.

"Is she not lovely?" I inquired, as my glance followed his.

"She is wonderful," he said, almost beneath his breath—"wonderful." After supper, as I stood for a moment alone by the open door, Lady Edith touched me on the shoulder and beckoned me to join her on the veranda. Her face was very grave, and I observed that her hand was cold and shook a little as she drew me to a chair.

"Elise," she said; "I am going to pain you." I looked at her in silence, wondering greatly, but she seemed to find it difficult to continue.

"Have you ever thought," she said at last, "that there is anything strange about Mr. Bennett?" "Strange?" I repeated. "Strange?" "Not quite right, I mean. What men call straight. Have you ever seen him do anything which seemed to require an explanation? Have you ever asked him a question he could not answer?" I stared blankly at her, and she resumed slowly: "You make it very hard for me, yet I must tell you. The man is not suitable for you to know; I warned you once before, but was not certain, so I dared not say too much. Wilfrid says (men hear these things) that he is the man the police are after—the smuggler. And worse still, that he is the thief who took Mrs. Bundy's emeralds."



HE FARMED With LINCOLN ROBERT W. PATTEN

When Abraham Lincoln worked on his father's farm Robert William Patten worked by his side. Patten lives to-day, and at the age of 98 years is as spry as a youngster. Grizzled, bronzed and ruddy from the winds and sunshine of an outdoor life, Patten sailed into the editorial rooms of the Call the other day and his smile illuminated the whole place.

Oh! man Patten has come down from Seattle on his way to New Orleans. He is never happy unless he is migrating like the wild goose. He was born at Summer Hill, Cayuga county, N. Y., on February 24, 1811. He is proud of the fact that he was Lincoln's workmate in the old days on the farm.

"I first met Abe," he said, "when he was living with his father, mother and sisters on the farm, raising cattle and general farm products. I took up 160 acres adjoining and helped Abe with the work in return for the loan of his horses for work on my place. We were overrun with wild deer, geese and prant, and it was almost impossible to raise anything, for these pests would come in the night and clean up everything except the weeds. I lived with old man Lincoln and slept with Abe for a long time. Well, I take that back—I mean I tried to sleep in Abe's room, but I had a hard time of it, for Abe used to sit up nearly all night reading books. He had a little round tin pan with the side about three inches high. This he filled with wild goose oil. Then he stuck a rag in the oil and let one end hang over the edge. When this rag was lighted it made a

course all made by hand, as it was before the days of sewing machines. At the wedding Mr. Lincoln or, perhaps, some one else, spilled a cup of coffee on the bride's gown. It was never worn again. It is now owned by a granddaughter of Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Walter L. Patterson of Springfield.

"Miss Julia Jayne, an intimate friend (afterward the wife of Lyman Trumbull), was one of the bridesmaids, and Miss Elizabeth Todd, a cousin, was the other."

Mrs. Lincoln's Wedding Dress. "Abraham Lincoln and Mary Todd were married at the home of Miss Todd's sister, Mrs. Edwards, in Springfield, on November 4, 1842. As the decision was so hastily made there was no special dress made for the bride," said Mrs. Jessie Palmer of Springfield, Ill., to a St. Louis Globe-Democrat writer, "but her sister, Frances, had been married only a few months before and her wedding dress was worn by the bride.

"It was a white brocaded silk (of

ONE KIDNEY GONE

But Cured After Doctors Said There Was No Hope.

Sylvanus O. Verrill, Milford, Me., says: "Five years ago a bad injury paralyzed me and affected my kidneys. My back hurt me terribly, and the urine was badly disordered. Doctors said my right kidney was practically dead. They said I could never walk again. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. One box made me stronger and freer from pain. I kept on using them and in three months was able to get out on crutches, and the kidneys were acting better. I improved rapidly, discarded the crutches and to the wonder of my friends was soon completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HE ALMOST REMEMBERED IT.

Boy at Least Had Combination Somewhere Near Right.

Donald had returned from a visit to the country, and was full of reminiscences of persons and things that had interested him. "I met a boy, mamma," he said, "that had the queerest name I ever heard. He said his folks found it in the Old Testament. It was—it was—let me see—yes, it was Father William, or William Father; I've forgotten just now which. But it was one or the other."

"But, Donald," said his mother, "there is no such name as Father William or William Father in the Old Testament."

"Are you sure, mamma?" "I certainly am, dear. I have read it through several times. William is a comparatively modern name. It isn't anywhere in the Bible."

"Well, but—oh, I remember now!" exclaimed Donald. "It was Bildad!"—Youth's Companion.

FULL OF HARMONY.

Old Sport—I suppose you've come of a musical family? The Other—Musical! Bless you, sir, my even our dog's got a brass band round its neck!

Not Afraid of a Ghost. In a village in England, a month or so ago, a man came running into an inn at nine o'clock at night and cried out that there was a ghost in his back yard. There were 14 men in the inn, and not one of them dared to go home with the man and investigate. There was a person who dared, however, and that was the landlord's daughter, a girl of 14. Some of the men followed her at a distance, and she went into the yard and up to the ghost flapping its arms about, and discovered—that! That it was no more nor less than a man's white shirt flapping on the clothes line in a strong breeze. That's about the way all ghosts turn out.

Not Included. After the dry goods salesman had completed his business with Cyrus Craig, Centerville's storekeeper, he asked what was going on in the town. "Had any entertainments this winter?" he inquired.

"No," said Mr. Craig, "not one. Some home pupils have given two concerts, piano and organ, and the principal of the academy has lectured twice, once on 'Our National Forests' and once on 'Stones As I Know Them'; but as far as entertainments are concerned, Centerville hasn't got round to 'em yet."—Youth's Companion.

NO MEDICINE

But a Change of Food Gave Relief.

Many persons are learning that drugs are not the thing to rebuild worn out nerves, but proper food is required.

There is a certain element in the cereals, wheat, barley, etc., which is grown there by nature for food to brain and nerve tissue. This is the phosphate of potash, of which Grape-Nuts food contains a large proportion.

In making this food all the food elements in the two cereals, wheat and barley, are retained. That is why so many heretofore nervous and run-down people find in Grape-Nuts a true nerve and brain food.

"I can say that Grape-Nuts food has done much for me as a nerve renewer," writes a Wis. bride.

"A few years ago, before my marriage, I was a bookkeeper in a large firm. I became so nervous toward the end of each week that it seemed I must give up my position, which I could not afford to do. "Mother purchased some Grape-Nuts and we found it not only delicious but I noticed from day to day that I was improving until I finally realized I was not nervous any more. "I have recommended it to friends as a brain and nerve food, never having found its equal. I owe much to Grape-Nuts as it saved me from a nervous collapse, and enabled me to retain my position." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Chelsea Standard.

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, Chelsea, Michigan.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1905, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

A New Jersey professor states that he has never kissed his wife. If he looks anything like the newspaper pictures of him, his wife undoubtedly would not allow him to kiss her.

Michigan's own William Alden Smith told Senator Lodge Monday that he didn't like his looks. Pretty brave for William, as he isn't any "great shakes" as a looker.

The friends of Warden Armstrong claim that he was crazy. There's no doubt of it; "crazy" to keep everything that was in sight.

The shadow of the "Big Stick" evidently scared the California legislature.

As a prognosticator the groundhog is certainly "all to the candy."

Church Circles.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor. W. W. Wedemeyer, of Ann Arbor, will deliver a Lincoln address next Sunday morning.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.

The Bible training class will meet Thursday at 7:15 p. m.

The Sunday morning service combines the preaching and bible study sessions, beginning at 10 a. m. and closing at 11:30 sermon subject, "True and False Wisdom."

Evening theme, "Saint Valentine and his Day."

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

The Christian Science Society will meet in the G. A. R. hall at the usual hour next Sunday, February 14, 1909. Subject, "Soul." Golden text, "And seek not ye what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink, neither be ye of doubtful mind. But rather seek ye the kingdom of God; and all these things shall be added unto you."

BAPTIST.

Rev. G. A. Chittenden, Pastor.

Service in the morning at 10 o'clock. Subject of sermon, "Who is Responsible for the Open Saloon, and Should it be Voted Out?"

Sunday school at 11:15.

B. Y. P. U. at 6:15 p. m.

Evening service at 7 o'clock. This will be a valentine service, unique and helpful. A number of original valentines will be read and a valentine sermon by the pastor.

Come and welcome.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH.

NEAR FRANCISCO.

Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. German service at 10:30 a. m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Leader, H. J. Kruse.

The Women's Bible class will meet with Mrs. Mensing Wednesday afternoon of next week.

The Men's Bible class will meet with Theodore Riemenschneider next Wednesday evening.

The Epworth League will give a Lincoln social at the home of Michael Kalmbach Friday evening, February 12.

Author a Prey of Cynicism. "Tobin, in the 'Honey Moon,' says: 'All women are angels before marriage, and that is the reason why husbands so soon wish them in heaven afterward.'"

Trashy.

"Givin' some people education," said Uncle Eben, "is purty much like puttin' music in one o' deseher talkin' machines. It's all right when it goes in, but it sure do soun' like trash when it comes out."—Washington Star.

Teach Zoology to Blind.

Even blindness is not allowed to prevent the children of Paris from learning natural history and knowing what birds and beasts are like. A class at the Parisian school for the blind is taught by the use of a fine collection of stuffed animals, which the pupils learn to recognize by the touch.

It Was All Within.

A practical joker carried an onion in his vest pocket to the depot when bidding farewell to a young lady, and took a bite now and then to induce tears. Before the train departed he had eaten the entire onion. The young lady, perceiving the situation, remarked: "Ah, you have swallowed your grief!"—Harper's Weekly.

The Crime of Idleness.

Idleness means trouble for any one. It's the same with a lazy liver. It causes constipation, headache, jaundice, sallow complexion, pimples and blotches, loss of appetite, nausea, but Dr. King's New Life Pills soon banish liver troubles and build up your health. 25c. at Fenn & Vogel and Freeman & Cummings Co.

PERSONAL MENTION.

H. L. Stanton was a Detroit visitor Sunday.

Mrs. James Speer was a Detroit visitor Friday.

Eugene Foster is spending this week at Mt. Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. Wirt S. McLaren spent Sunday in Jackson.

Bert Riggs, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

E. A. Williams, of Wayne, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Alva Steger, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. McKune are spending this week in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Lehman were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Austin Keenan, of Detroit, spent Tuesday night at this place.

Miss Gertrude Murry, of Dexter, visited Chelsea friends Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at this place.

Claude Selby, of Fulton, was the guest of Dr. J. T. Woods Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Harry Milburn, of Eaton Rapids, is spending this week with friends here.

Miss Genevieve Hummel spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Ann Arbor.

The Misses Jessie Brown and Minnie Alexander visited Mrs. N. W. Laird last Friday.

Wm. Bacon is in Lansing attending a convention of the Wool Buyers' Association.

Mr. and Mrs. John Larmee, of Jackson, visited at the home of Jas. Speer Sunday.

Miss Lizzie Geraghty, of Stockbridge, spent the first of the week with relatives here.

Howard Chambers and William Brant, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Price, of Battle Creek, is spending this week with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. M. Brenner, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Rheinfrank, Sunday.

Misses Florence Heleschwerdt and Mabel Larker were Ann Arbor visitors last Thursday.

Mrs. Norman Boosey, of Detroit, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. C. Bagge.

Miss Lillie Schmidt, of Ann Arbor, spent the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Seitz.

Miss Hilda Neumann, of Jackson, was a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Steger Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Foster and children, of Jackson, visited Chelsea relatives here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Bronson, of Detroit, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Clark Sunday.

Miss Mary Taylor, of Dexter, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Schieferstein.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller, of Jackson, spent several days of the past week with relatives here.

Mrs. Susan McCloy, of Stockbridge, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. N. W. Laird.

Mrs. Oscar Miller, of Jackson, was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Runciman, this week.

Mrs. Carrie Seper-Cushman has returned to her home in Dexter from a six months trip in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Visel, of Saline, were guests of their daughter, Mrs. Fred Seitz, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Tucker and children, of River Rouge, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tucker, of Lima.

Beef Croquettes.

To make croquettes of soup meat use two cups of very finely chopped or ground meat to one cup of thick white sauce. Season the meat well with a teaspoon or more of onion juice, salt and pepper, and mix with the sauce made from one cup of milk, two level tablespoons of butter, and four level tablespoons of flour cooked five minutes and seasoned with a level teaspoon of salt and a saltspoon of pepper. Spread on a large plate to cool, then take a heaping tablespoon of the cooled mixture and shape into a little roll, flatten each end by striking on the board, then roll in very fine bread crumbs. Take each roll on a broad bladed knife, and slip into a deep plate in which an egg is beaten with a tablespoon of cold water. Roll over and over to be sure that every point is covered, then roll in fine crumbs until well coated. Fry in deep, smoking hot fat, and serve with a tomato sauce.

To Prevent Sticking.

Most housekeepers buy seeded raisins these days, but the conservatives who cling to old ways will find the sticky task of seeding much improved by slightly greasing both knife and fingers with butter.

A small pointed knife used for paring potatoes is the best choice. If this is dipped from time to time into boiling water the stickiness will also be relieved.

CORRESPONDENCE.

NORTH LAKE NEWS.

Mrs. B. Isham was at church Sunday after her severe illness.

Claude M. Burkhardt is home from school for a few days this week.

R. S. Whalian had the Foster doctors attend his ailing well Thursday.

Richard Clinton is spending some time with his sister, Mrs. Jas. Hanker.

A delegation from here attended the band entertainment at Unadilla Friday evening.

Thursday R. S. Whalian brought a load of wood to the church and made a pleasant call here.

James Sweeney is moving his goods to his new home, where he intends to stay the rest of his life.

Wm. Burkhardt helped the Stevenson brothers lay in their supply of meat for the season last Wednesday.

Mrs. L. M. Wood is expected home this week. Her daughter, Mrs. S. Leach, has gone to accompany her on her way.

Our mail carrier reports the route all right with the exception of a few drifts. He has missed no deliveries of mail in the deep snow.

Some members of our family are in snow to their elbows, while others are taking surf baths and gathering out door flowers, all in the United States.

The lyceum Wednesday evening was well attended and a lively discussion lasted until 12 o'clock. The meeting was opened and closed by the best selections the boys can give.

Charles Crane's grandson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Meyer, of Munith, died Friday night after a severe illness of several weeks. The family have the sympathy of relatives and friends about here and in Chelsea.

Wednesday evening, February 17, there will be another session of the lyceum. The township school question will be discussed by a strong list of speakers, Mr. Heatley and Mr. Smith acting as chiefs. The band will furnish the instrumental music.

Elder Wright made a few calls here Tuesday afternoon. He threatened shooting the red squirrels, a family of them having taken up winter quarters in the steeple, hiding their winter supply of nuts in the pulpit. The janitor will see to the cracking of the whole outfit soon.

Mr. Morison gave a very animated talk on the Sunday school lesson Sunday which was well received. He was followed by Mr. Bard with a paper written to his Ohio friends of his new home here, telling them he is not quite in a wilderness here in Michigan.

LIMA CENTER NEWS.

Mrs. Fannie Ward was in Ann Arbor Friday.

There are several cases of whooping cough here.

Mrs. Minnie Easton spent last week in Williamston and Lansing.

Lewis Yaeger, sr., and Mrs. Mary Yaeger spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Stella Wilson spent Friday in Ypsilanti with her daughter, Helen.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Stephens, of Chelsea, spent Sunday with Mrs. B. Keys.

Clara and Eva Bareis, of Detroit, spent Sunday with their parents of this place.

Mrs. Ed. Webb and children, of Williamston, are guests at the home of Addison Webb.

Several from here attended a smoker at the K. of P. hall in Chelsea Monday evening.

John McLaren, of Plymouth, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Wilbur McLaren and family.

The friends of Miss Edith Whipple gave her a surprise last Thursday evening, by gathering at her home. The evening was passed in playing games. Lunch was served.

For a mild easy action of the bowels a single dose of Doan's Regulets is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.

LYNDON CENTER.

Mr. and Mrs. E. McKernan and children spent Thursday of last week with Mr. and Mrs. John Young.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Lyndon Baptist church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Boyce on Thursday last.

Misses Anna and Celia McKune and brother Henry were in Detroit the present week attending the funeral of an aunt, Mrs. Ganley.

W. E. Alexander, who has been on the A. Skidmore farm for the past few years, has bought a farm in Webster township, near his old home and will move there soon.

Mrs. Abbie Leek and daughter Inez are making arrangements to move to Ann Arbor in the spring, to make that city their future home. They have rented the farm to Wm. Bott.

Eureka Grange met at the town hall on Saturday last, and after partaking of an elegant lunch served by the sisters, the new officers were duly installed in open meeting by Brother and Sister Riemenschneider, of Cavanaugh Lake Grange. Sister Riemenschneider gave a very complete and interesting report of their visit as delegates to the state grange. There was a good attendance of members and many visitors. A number of new names were presented for membership. It was decided to have the annual oyster supper at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. Beeman on Friday evening next, but owing to Mr. Beeman's illness the place for holding same was changed to Jas. Howlett's and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

SHARON NEWS.

Mrs. J. W. Dresselhouse was quite ill last week.

Miss Clara Reno visited in Manchester last week.

Clare Shaler, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with Fred Bruentle.

Adam Oberschmidt went to Barry county Tuesday to visit his brother.

Miss Gertrude Fisk, of Grass Lake, visited at J. R. Lemm's last Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Gillhouse died quite suddenly last Saturday night of heart trouble.

Charles O'Neil and wife, of Adrian, visited his parents here from Friday until Monday.

Mrs. Clayton McGee and Miss Maggie Preston visited at the home of Fred Lehman last Thursday.

Mrs. John Fahrner died last Thursday morning and the funeral was held Monday at the Sylvan church.

FREEDOM NEWS.

Emanuel Loffler is on the sick list.

Christ Trinkle lost two valuable young horses Sunday.

A large number of young people from here attended the box social at Lima Center.

Mrs. F. Lutz has been seriously ill since a week ago Saturday, but is somewhat better at present.

The Ladies' Society of the St. John's church postponed their monthly meeting until next week.

Everybody is invited to attend the yearly meeting of the Young People's Society of St. John's church next Sunday evening, February 14, 1909, at seven o'clock sharp.

Dangerous City "Playgrounds." New York city streets make dangerous playgrounds but they are the only ones that thousands of little people have. Not a day passes without injury to children by vehicles, and about five are killed each month.

Stops itching instantly. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, tetter, itch, hives, herpes, scabies—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Price's Farm Gate.

The above gate is on exhibition at my shop, where orders for the same can be left. Come and see it.

29 C. G. KAERCHER.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Last Week

-- OF --

Clearance Sale

We are determined not to carry over any winter goods. During this week we offer the following:

Clothing Dept.

- One Lot of Men's Overcoats at 1-2 Regular Price
All Boys' Overcoats at 1-2 Regular Price
All Men's and Boys' Suits at 1-4 off Regular Price

Dry Goods Dept.

- All Ladies' Suits and Coats at 1-2 Regular Price
All Children's Coats at 1-2 Regular Price
All Baby Bonnets at 1-4 off Regular Price

Our Grocery Dept.

Is the busiest place in Chelsea. Come and see why.

- 20 pounds best H. & E. Cane Sugar \$1.00
4 pounds best seeded Raisins .30c
4 pounds best loose Muscatel Raisins .25c
7 pounds best broken Rice .25c
5 pounds large whole bean Rice .25c
1 pound best 20c Empire Coffee .17c
1 pound good roasted Coffee .10c
We sell the best 25c coffee in Chelsea.
6 bars Sunny Monday Soap .25c
7 bars Queen Anne Soap .25c
6 bars Fels Naptha Soap .25c
3 cans extra fine Sugar Corn .25c
3 cans green String Beans .25c
3 cans good Peas .25c
3 cans good Succotash .25c
1 can best Tomatoes .10c
3 cans good Salmon .25c
1 pound best 50c Royal Satsuma Tea .38c
25c can I C Baking Powder .15c
15c can I C Baking Powder .10c
1 gallon pail best Corn Syrup .35c
1/2 gallon pail best Corn Syrup .18c

Try Black Cross Coffee

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE—Pair of geldings, aged 13 and 14 years old, respectively. Inquire of Chas. Fish, R. F. D., Grass Lake 28

FARM of 135 acres, 5 miles south west of Ann Arbor, 5 miles north of Saline, fine soil, for sale cheap to close estate. E. W. Staebler, adm., Ann Arbor, Mich. 30

FOR SALE—40 acres of land in Bay county, soil a sandy loam with clay subsoil, small house, basement barn, a small young orchard set out; good well of water. Will sell very cheap, or exchange for house and lot in town, or a few acres of land near town. William Burwell, Chelsea, Mich. 27

FOR SALE—Encyclopedia Britannica, photographic reprint from original Edinburgh edition, twenty-five volumes and five volumes—American edition additional, making thirty volumes in all. Index in separate volumes, and book case to fit. For sale at a bargain for cash. Apply to Standard office. 27

LOST—Last Friday a purse containing two dollars. Finder please return to Standard office and get reward. 27

FOR SALE—A grade Hereford bull, ready for service. Alvin Baldwin, R. F. D. 5, Chelsea. 27d

FOR SALE—at less than factory cost a new upright piano if taken at once. Opportunity good only for a short time. Call on A. G. Faist. 27

FOR SALE—Five acres of land with house and basement barn, all kinds of fruit, two and one-half miles from Chelsea on electric line. Henry Vickers, Chelsea. Phone 155 is 11. 25f

FOUND—A purse containing small amount of money. Inquire of A. E. Winans. 29

FOR SALE—A quantity of green swamp oak and white oak fence post which I will sell at 13 cents each while they last. Call on Conrad Schanz, Chelsea, or telephone to 167 2 rings. 28

FOR SALE—House and lot. John S. Hathaway, east Middle and East street. 28

WANTED—300 Buggies to paint. To all those who have their buggies painted before March 1st a liberal discount will be given. All work done by the best qualified workman. Chelsea—ever bad. Best of stock used, and all work guaranteed. Call on A. G. Faist. 28

FOUND—A place to get rid of something that you do not need. Try a Standard want ad. 29

DO YOUR BANKING WITH THE FARMERS & MECHANICS BANK ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN.

Capital paid in \$50,000
Surplus and profits 90,000
Additional liability of stockholders 50,000
Send your deposit by mail, and they will receive prompt attention.
Open an account in our Savings Department, and we will pay you three per cent interest, compounded semi-annually. With a small deposit each month, you will be surprised how rapidly the amount grows.
R. KEMPE, President. W. C. STEVENS, Vice Pres.
H. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier. F. T. STOWE, Asst. Cashier.

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

ARE PAYING THE FOLLOWING PRICES:
Wheat, white \$1.06 per bushel
Wheat, red \$1.07 per bushel
Rye .75 per bushel
White Oats .51 per bushel
Barley \$1.30 per 100
Fowls .11c per lb.
Chickens .12c per lb.

ALL KINDS OF COAL FOR SALE.

THINGS THAT SHINE.

When you buy good jewelry you have something that shows good quality. When we sell it you know it's all right. We put the best judgment into buying, and guarantee the quality of everything we sell.

A. E. WINANS & SON, Jewelers.

Chelsea Horse Company

Offers For Sale

30 Head Michigan Horses

Consisting of farm and truck teams, weighing from 2200 to 3200.

BURKHART, FREEMAN & HESELSCHWERDT

A CLEAN-UP Of Our Winter Merchandise!

Involving Every Suit and Overcoat in the store. All to be offered at a

BIG REDUCTION



THE OCCASION

Should arouse the public as few merchandise events have ever done, for it means the supreme efforts of the Dancer Brothers' Clothing Store in disposing of its great surplus stock at a time when they are most valuable and desirable to the public.

Remember These Are All New Goods

DANCER BROTHERS.

LOCAL ITEMS.

There will be no session at St. Mary's school Friday.

Women's Relief Corp will meet at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Born, on Monday, February 8, 1909, to Rev. and Mrs. M. L. Grant, a son.

Mrs. Fred Niehaus entertained the choir of St. Paul's church Wednesday evening.

Roy Dillon is moving his household goods into one of F. L. Davidson's houses on McKinley street.

Rev. D. H. Glass delivered an address before the missionary and educational convention at Jackson, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schieferstein entertained the South Main Pedro Club last Thursday evening. Light refreshments were served.

The senior class of the Chelsea high school was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Spaulding, south of town, Thursday evening.

The democrats of Lima township will meet in caucus at town hall, to elect delegates to county convention, Saturday, February 13, at 7 o'clock p. m.

Columbian Hive, L. O. T. M. M., held initiation Tuesday evening. Deputy Keenan of Flat Rock was present. The officers of the Hive furnished lunch.

Miss Hazel Wood, of Charlotte, is engaged as stenographer at the office of the Chelsea Stove & Manufacturing Co., during the absence of Miss Mabel Olds.

The two houses of congress met in joint session in the hall of the house of representatives Wednesday and formally ratified the election of Taft and Sherman.

Misses Josephine and Florence Heschelwerdt entertained a number of their friends at their home on west Middle street Wednesday evening, in honor of Miss Mabel Larker, of Webster, N. Y.

There will be a Lincoln social at St. Mary's Hall Friday afternoon from 2 until 5 o'clock, for children, ladies and gentlemen. Light refreshments will be served. Admission adults, 15 cents, children 5 cents.

Misses Lou Wilson, Madge Wilcox, Rachel Benham, and Mattie Wood, Jennie Geddes and Mr. Paul Bacon attended the production of "A Doll's House," by Madame Nazamova, at Ann Arbor Saturday evening.

Judge Kinne has decided that A. C. Pierce, Bert McClain, T. Drislano, Geo. Jackson and B. Huel need not pay the notes held by the Chelsea Savings Bank, which were given in payment for Glazier Stove Co. stock that they held.

Postmaster Hoover has received a supply of two cent postage stamps of the special issue commemorating the 100th anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln. They are to be placed on sale Friday, February 12th.

George Scherer, grocer at Francisco, who is charged with running a blind pig, was arraigned before Justice Russell of Jackson last week. He was represented by Attorney Price. An examination was demanded, and the hearing is set for February 15.

In 1897 there were but 83 rural carriers in the United States and at the present time there are more than 39,000. During the past year 1,928 postoffices have been discontinued. Since the rural free delivery has been established \$70,632,000 has been expended on the roads traversed by the carriers.

The Knights of Pythias gave a "smoker" at their rooms Monday evening, to the members and their invited guests. Wm. Boetner, of Detroit, gave several violin solos, and a number of anecdotes and recitations which elicited much applause. The quartette also came in for their share of the applause. Lunch was served.

Mrs. John Fahrner, of Sharon, died at her home Thursday morning, February 4, 1909. She was born in 1833 in Gettelfingen, Oberamt, Wurttemberg. She is survived by her husband, three daughters, one sister, Mrs. John Mohrlock, of Sylvan and one brother. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. A. Schoen in the Sylvan Center church, Monday. Interment Maple Grove cemetery, Sylvan Center.

James Taylor had a narrow escape from death about 8 o'clock Tuesday evening, on the McKinley street crossing of the Michigan Central. The new alarm bells were ringing, but Mr. Taylor did not notice that a freight train was backing down the track until the way car struck him and knocked him down. The train was moving slowly which gave him time enough to roll from the track before it passed. His injuries consist of a badly bruised shoulder and a couple of broken ribs.

Miss Florence Heschelwerdt is employed at H. H. Fenn Co.'s store.

The A. B. C. club met with Miss Mabel Guthrie Tuesday evening.

The next meeting of the K. O. T. M. M. will be held Friday evening, February 20th.

Dr. A. L. Steger attended the Second District Dental Society meeting at Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Mrs. J. P. Foster, of Ann Arbor, entertained the Ladies' Study Club of this place, Wednesday afternoon.

E. J. Whipple, carrier on rural route No. 1, was unable to attend to his duties Monday, on account of sickness.

There will be a special meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., Wednesday evening, February 17th. Initiation.

N. I. Moore, of Hanover, and Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Kelly, of Ypsilanti, spent Friday evening at the home of N. W. Laird.

Mrs. Dee Brown, of Big Rapids, and Mr. and Mrs. McCormick, of Charlotte, spent Saturday and Sunday with Geo. A. BeGole and wife.

G. A. Snyder, who has been employed at the Chelsea Steam Laundry for the past year, has moved to Flint, where he has accepted a position.

With noses flattened against the plate glass show windows, the children are gazing longingly at the wonderful creations in the valentine line.

Rev. Thomas Hoimes has started suit against the D. J. & C. Ry., claiming damages in the sum of \$5,000, for injuries sustained by him last October.

The bells on the East and McKinley street crossings of the Michigan Central are in working order, as can be testified to by the residents in that portion of the village.

Christian Trinckley had the misfortune to lose two fine horses Sunday. He feels very thankful for the substantial assistance rendered by his neighbors and friends.

The Michigan Central testing car was in Chelsea Monday, and the sight and hearing of employes of the company was investigated. No cases of color blindness nor deafness were discovered.

Miss Norma Turnbull gave a supper to a number of her young girl friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull, Tuesday evening. The occasion was the anniversary of her birth.

In answer to a number of queries, Attorney General Bird handed down an opinion today that February 12, Lincoln's birthday, is not a legal holiday and banks or saloons are not obliged to close on that day.

Henry Schieferstein of Dexter township, who recently sold his interest in the farm on which he is living to his brother John of this place, has purchased a farm near Charlotte and will move there in the spring.

Fred Everett, of Seattle, Wash., is the guest of his father, Jay Everett. Fred is on his way home from a trip around the world, and is giving his friends some interesting facts concerning the countries that he has visited.

The Eastern Star will give one of their popular dances at Masonic Hall, Friday evening, February 19th. Price 25 cents. There will be good music. The families of members of the Masonic order and Eastern Star are invited.

McLaren & Bacon announce that each Wednesday and Thursday evening hereafter they will present the Madison Square Amusement Co. The entertainment will consist of moving pictures, illustrated songs and vaudeville acts. Admission, 10 and 15 cents.

Official notice from the supreme court of the allowing of the writ of certiorari in the local option matter, was received Wednesday by County Clerk Miller. The writ was made returnable February 15 and the hearing will take place the following day, which is the same time set for the hearing of a similar nature from Battle Creek and Ionia.

Justice Wood suspended sentence on D. O'Connell Friday and gave him six hours in which to get out of the county. O'Connell was charged with having sold jewelry belonging to his wife, and also disposing of furniture which had been purchased on the installment plan. O'Connell had been a resident of Chelsea but a few months, and during that time had not showed any evidence of having an industrious nature.

The dates for the Michigan state fair, which will be held in Detroit, are September 2 to 10 inclusive. Last year's fair netted the association about \$47,000. Four years ago the society had an indebtedness of about \$225,000, of which \$100,000 was originally bonded indebtedness. This has been reduced by \$50,000, and in addition improvements aggregating \$170,000 have been made, so that now the state fair plant is easily worth \$500,000.

A Clean Sweep SALE

Every department shares in the loss necessary in closing out broken lots and odds and ends.

We are making a greater effort this season than ever before to close out all winter goods.

Cloak Department.

Women's and Children's Cloaks, not many left, but the cut in price is so great that you can't afford not to buy. Ladies' close fitting and semi fitting, new, swell garments, retailing a short time ago at from \$15.00 to \$25.00 everywhere, will be closed out here at from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Children's good style long Coats, sizes up to 14, we are closing out for the little sum of \$1.00.

Clothing Department.

Here is where we save you dollars. Men's Suits, Boys' Suits and Odd Pants at Wholesale Prices. Every Overcoat in the house must be closed out during this sale. Profit and part of the cost will be sacrificed to accomplish this. Men's fur coats at bargain prices during this sale.

Shoes and Rubber Goods.

Shoes for everybody. Not shoddy shoes but solid Leather Shoes, Guaranteed to give satisfaction. High top shoes for men and boys at reduced prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' Rubbers at 39c worth 60c. | Boys' Rubber for felt boots or socks, \$1.00, worth \$1.50. |
| Men's Rubbers at 50c worth \$1.00. | Men's Alaskas, \$1.00. |
| Men's Rubbers for felt boots, \$1.00, worth from \$2 to \$2.50. | Men's Artics, \$1.00 and \$1.25. |
| Men's Rubbers for heavy socks, \$1.50. | |

Horse Blankets, Robes, Comfortables, Bed Blankets, Shawls and Underwear going at Clean Sweep Prices.

Dry Goods Department.

Greatest values to be found anywhere in Dress Goods. 500 yards regular 50c Dress Goods will be closed at 29c. Several pieces regular \$1.00 Dress Goods cut to 50c.

Remnants galore, and you don't have to pay much for them during this sale. Regular 7c Sheetting, now 5c. Broken lots in Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens reduced from 25 to 50 per cent. All Furs will be closed out at about one-half regular prices. We are making very attractive prices on Carpets, Rugs and Lace Curtains. All Wool Ingrain Carpets as low as 50c per yard. Regular \$28.00 and \$30.00, 9x12 Rugs, now \$22.00 to \$25.00.

W.P.SCHENK & COMPANY

REAL ESTATE

For Sale or Rent.

KALMBACH & BECKWITH Chelsea, Mich.

NO. 119. FOR SALE—235 acre farm in Dexter, 5 miles from Chelsea, 1/4 mile to school, 150 acres under cultivation, 15 acres timber, 45 acres seeding, 3 acres of orchard, soil sandy loam, 10 room frame dwelling, 1 basement barn 32x56, 1 good horse barn, good fences. Low price.

NO. 103. FOR SALE—147 acre farm, Sylvan, 1 1/2 miles from Chelsea, 100 acres under cultivation, 5 acres timber, small orchard, 60 acres grass, soil sand and clay loam, good 9 room dwelling, basement barn 30x56, also stock sheds, 2 good wells. Low price.

NO. 120. FOR SALE—130 acre farm in Sylvan, 4 miles from Chelsea, 1/4 mile from school, 120 acres under cultivation, 10 acres timber, small orchard, soil clay loam, good frame dwelling 10 rooms, good barns in good repair, well fenced, good wells, one of the best farms in Washtenaw county.

NO. 121. FOR SALE—One of the best dwellings in Chelsea, situated on Park street, frame, 12 rooms, fine location, cement walks, bath and furnace, all in good repair. This is a bargain.

NO. 125. FOR SALE—Eight room dwelling, situated on West Middle street. Lot 4x8 rods. good barn, good well, cement walks, all in good repair. Will be sold cheap.

No. 126. FOR SALE—"The Chelsea House," Hotel.

NO. 128. FOR SALE—9 room dwelling west Middle street, lot 8x8 rods, good cellar, cement bottom, cement walks all in good repair.

NO. 129. FOR SALE—93 acre farm 3 1/2 miles from Chelsea, 1/4 mile to school, 65 acres under cultivation, 8 acres timber, good orchard, 7 room frame dwelling, good well and windmill, good fences, fair basement barn 24x36. A bargain for someone.

List Your Property With Us.
Kalmbach & Beckwith



A man's credit is always enhanced by having a Bank Account. Not only is it a great convenience in doing business, but when it is a question of financial responsibility, what better reference can any one give than the well-known Banking Institution with which he does business and in which he carries his account? Open an account with us. We offer you ever courtesy and facility and your interests will be careful safe guarded.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank.

Try our Job Department for your Printing.

A MONUMENT

is imperative as a mark of respect and remembrance for the departed, and both are best conserved by the thoughtful care which secures not only beauty of design, but quality of material and workmanship.

While the impulse what leads to the erection of a monument is one of tender sentiment, there is no reason why business sense should not be used in its purchase.

The plan on which we operate is to give our customers the best in design, in quality, and in size, that the money available will secure.

We have two complete plants equipped with all modern machinery and we treat our work as a profession and as a business as well, one member of this firm has spent years in studying monumental designing.

Our collection of designs and the finished work in our yards at Manchester and Plymouth, Mich., are open for your inspection, or if you will give us a slight idea of your desires in the matter of design and cost, one of our firm will call with designs and estimates.

We do not urge the purchase of a monument—we merely try to get the facts about our facilities before you—then when you are ready we are at your service.

THE CAREY-MORAN GRANITE CO.

MANCHESTER, MICH. PLYMOUTH, MICH.

The Broken Marconigram

By FRANK LOVELL NELSON

Master Mind of Carlton Clarke in a Unique Criminal Solution



TELEGRAM for you, Clarke, I said, as I took the message which the boy delivered at the door of our Oak street apartments one morning in mid-summer. A shade of anxiety passed over the face of my house mate. Strange, I thought, that Carlton Clarke, the great telepathic detective, should be disturbed by so ordinary an event as the receipt of a telegram. Clarke took the yellow envelope and held it thoughtfully in his hand as a woman studies a telegram before summoning the courage to open it.

"Do you remember Thalida?" he asked suddenly, still holding the envelope as I signed the messenger's book.

Did I remember Thalida? As if I could forget that glorious vision of young womanhood that had flashed into our presence in the ghetto district of New York and whose psychometric mind had aided us in the solution of the puzzling mystery of the "Blue Bokhara."

"I see you do," continued Clarke. "Well, my mind has been filled with forebodings concerning her all morning. I have no word from her for several weeks. Something tells me that this message concerns her and that the news is not good. We will see," and he tore open the envelope and read it hastily. A look of distress, passing quickly to a black frown of anger, overspread his face. Without a word he passed the message to me. I read:

"On board S. S. Magellan, off Pensacola, Fla., Marconi Station. The wolf's fangs—"

No signature. A cipher? None that I was familiar with, yet it must have a meaning and a deep and terrible one, for as I looked at Clarke his eyes blazed with anger and beneath it he wore a look of the deepest concern.

"It is from her. The wolf! I must save her, but how? Sexton, I can count on you?"

"You know that without asking," I replied, "but I haven't the slightest idea what it all means."

"Of course not. Come into the library and I will tell you while we plan some method of action, I do not yet know what."

"I first met Thalida," continued Clarke, "when we were seated in the library, when I was an interne at Bellevue. She was a student, delving deeper than the mind of woman ordinarily goes into subjects philosophical and psychological. She was a true friend, a jovial companion, and these traits, allied with the beauty of which you can testify, had the effect of gathering about her an ever enlarging court. But with an admirable reserve she held them all at length.

I alone came the nearest to her confidence, and the life we lived was ideal, both too busy for our chosen work to mar it by thoughts of anything closer, both protected, she by her womanly reserve, by my sincere respect for her.

"Then Comte Armand de Loup came into our lives. He was a young French nobleman, very rich, living where and how he pleased. We were attracted to him by his love of the occult which he had studied in India, in Tibet, wherever the minds of thinkers run in the direction of the unknowable. He was suave, handsome and, at first, charming in every way. It was not long however until his advances to Thalida became so pronounced as to cause her to fear him and me to hate him with all my heart. When it became necessary for her definitely to repel his offers he went out of our sphere as suddenly as he had entered it, but leaving behind him his curses and his vows of the most terrible vengeance his fiery Gallic spirit could invent.

"Nine years have passed since then and no blow has fallen, unless this is it. After he left, translating his name literally, we called him the wolf. We often talked jokingly of the time when the threatened fangs of the wolf would close upon us. 'The fangs of the wolf! It must be Thalida.'"

As Clarke was speaking the bell rang again and a second messenger arrived. Clarke feverishly tore open the cover and reading it passed it to me. It was:

"— have struck. Save me."

Like the first it was sent by Marconi system from the steamship Magellan.

"Wait," exclaimed Clarke. "We can do nothing. There will be a third. So I am sending you word despite some terrible obstacle."

He had hardly finished when the third message arrived. Sent from the same station, it read:

"— come to —"

Would there be a fourth that would give us the final clue? All the day we

waited with all the patience we could summon, but it came not. Clarke spent the time poring over the time-tables of the North and South lines. At last he gave up and throwing the time-tables from him he exclaimed: "Something has happened. She cannot finish. But there is another means if only she will try it."

Then he lay back in his chair and closed his eyes. For more than an hour he did not stir. I began to think he slept. Then he jumped up so suddenly that he startled me.

"Quick! I have it. We are going. Pack. Don't forget the arms and plenty of ammunition, and put in those four automatics we got the other day. There may be hot work before we ever see Chicago again. Let's see, the train leaves in an hour and a quarter."

"But where are we going?" I asked, involuntarily.

"New Orleans," he shouted as he dashed into his room to throw his clothes out to me to pack.

We reached New Orleans at dusk and took a cab from the railway station. As we drove away looking out of the cab window I saw a swarthy, roughly dressed man enter another cab which immediately followed us. I thought nothing of the incident at the time except to wonder how such a looking individual happened to be riding in cabs.

And then the full import of Clarke's devilish cunning, his mastery of the minds of men by the use of forces which bordered on the supernatural, dawned upon me. Here was the pilot which would guide us to the lair of the wolf and to Thalida, she spurned to account against his own employer. The path lay by water, this evidently Clarke had discovered.

"Yes, it was absurdly simple," remarked Clarke, quietly, divining as he so often seemed to do my train of thought.

"As soon as I found we were watched I knew I had the master key to the situation. It was easy to turn from the shadowed to the shadow. I slipped out of the hotel through the kitchens, prepared the way for you, and while our pilot here was watching the front entrance of the hotel I was within a step of him and watching him. You know my method and it was not long before I had him in my power and knew all that he knows. It is not much except that de Loup has some sort of rendezvous on an obscure island about 30 miles up the coast from the delta. It is called the Ile des Serpents and we are going to find out what goes on there. God send we do not get there too late!" Clarke's eyes took a faraway look and I knew he was thinking of Thalida.

"Before midnight we make out," said Bloo, who was steering by the compass. "Silently we drew on the ladder for a repast consisting of whatever we could find that needed no cooking. Then despite the tossing of our craft I succeeded in making a pot of steaming hot coffee. We were too near the unknown to be in the mood for conversation.

About 11 o'clock Bloo, who was peering into the darkness ahead, whispered, "A la droit. L'Ile des Serpents." I looked and rising out of the darkness was a black mass against the softer shades of the shore line.

With directions given in whispers we made fast to the landing.

"You will stay here with the launch," whispered Clarke to Bloo, "and have it ready to get away at once in case we need it."

We stepped lightly out on the landing and found ourselves facing a door of iron in the otherwise blank wall; a heavy door furnished with knobs and beset with strange heraldic devices in bas relief. These latter drew Clarke's attention and he studied them earnestly in the dim light. Then turning to me with a smile of triumph he whispered: "Ah, I thought so. I have the master key. Come, we will go in."

No sound broke the stillness. There was nothing to denote that a human habitation of any sort lay beyond the blank wall.

Clarke lifted a heavy knocker in the center of the door and began a tattoo of alternating long and short raps. These were answered from within and my companion in his turn answered these signals.

"What is your age?" challenged a deep voice.

I was thunderstruck at Clarke's answer in an even, fearless tone.

"Five years," he said.

"Whence do you come?" again inquired the voice.

"From the eternal flame," answered my companion.

"Whither do you go?" rang out the question.

"To the flame eternal," was the reply.

"Whom do you bring?"

"A hitherto deluded soul who would gain admission among us and thus

Horror of a Night and the Interception of a Wireless Message Go to Make Up the Puzzling Features of a Strange Case Which Confronts Chicago Reporter and His Friend, the Detective.

learn the true story of the fall of the great Baal-Zeboub."

And then it dawned upon me that no matter with what diabolical fraternity we were dealing Clarke, with his wonderful knowledge of the vagaries that have possessed the human mind since the dawn of the ages, had his ritual at his tongue's end.

"But you waste our time, which is precious. If the examination is satisfactory lead us to the Vice Regent of Lucifer and if he so desire he may question us further," commanded Clarke in a tone of authority.

"Tis well. To the Temple of Baal-Zeboub," answered the sentry.

He turned and motioned us to follow. We entered and heard the door close behind us with a click leaving us in utter, absolute darkness.

And then, seeming to come from the roof over our heads, spoke a voice so terrible in its menace, so steely cruel in its tones that I felt my knees begin to batter against each other.

"Let them that would look upon the face of the Vice-Regent of the Evil One enter through the eternal flame," it said. "If they come on the business of the great Lucifer they pass unscathed. Otherwise they wither up and die."

Our guide had disappeared as if by magic. Motioning me to follow, Clarke pressed forward. We neared the flame and still there came no heat. Then Clarke stepped into it and was lost to sight while I stood alone in that awful corridor. Summoning all my courage I too stepped into the flame. Beyond a tingling of the nerves and a stinging of the skin I felt no sensation.

I found myself with Clarke in an immense hall, the counterpart in devilish decoration of the passageway we had left. The walls, roof and floor were of stone and the whole scene was so broken with recesses, grottoes and innumerable stone images of satanic beings that it was difficult to judge its size. Behind us the flame alternately flashed and flickered. If there was another entrance it was so cunningly concealed as to escape our notice. Before us was a massive altar, apparently hewn in the solid rock, though upon closer examination I found it, as well as all of the interior decoration, to be of moulded concrete.

We were alone. At least we saw no forms but those of the devils and imps that, as in the corridor, flashed their many colored eyes upon us from all sides.

Suddenly the stillness was broken by a voice from somewhere in the deep recesses of the cavern, a voice steely and cruel in its icy snavity.

I looked. Yes, Thalida was there.

She seemed even more beautiful than in the brief period when I had before seen her. Her robes clung to the graceful outlines of her willowy form. Her black hair was coiled tightly into a crown about her beautifully shaped head and in its tresses one red rose, matching perfectly the coral of her lips, was the only bit of color. Proudly she walked, and Hypatia beside the monks of Cecl was not loverlier nor more disdainful of her executioners.

She took her place calmly before the center of the semicircle. The count approached her and taking her hand touched it to his lips with a triumphant smile. She offered no show of resistance. Had she stolen herself to submit meekly to whatever be in store for her? Then ensued some ritualistic gibberish of which I could not catch the import, during which each member of the semicircle seized what looked to be a chalice from the altar and beat upon it with a short stick.

"O, Lucifer, Star of the Morning, answer thou unto the conjuration of the Four and say if it is thy will that this maiden become a faithful Palladist in thy service." This the count intoned in a solemn voice.

From somewhere in the roof came the answer in hollow, reverberating tones:

"It is my will."

"Then come, thou art mine," said the count as with outstretched arms he advanced toward Thalida. She stood disdainfully erect as he neared



I SAW HIM THROW OUT HIS ARMS WILDLY AS IF TRYING TO FIGHT IT OFF.

her and I trembled to see such loveliness profaned by his unholy touch.

His arms were just about to fold her in their embrace when my straining eyes saw a livid green flash strike from the whiteness of her throat. Full upon the forehead of the count it hurtled. I saw him throw out his arms wildly as if trying to fight it off. But there it clung, a writhing, glistening streak of green.

The count tottered. His face and hands began to turn to the sickly shade of tarnished brass. With a great cry he reeled headlong.

Leaping over the prostrate form Thalida flew like a deer. I heard the bar of Clarke's prison house fall. Then the door of mine swung open. In the twinkling of an eye we were behind those little steel cages, Thalida between us. At that instant the lights went out and we were in stygian darkness.

At the end of the hall we heard the hurrying of many feet and the moans of men in terror of an awful death. Almost mechanically we drew our weapons and began to reload our automatics into the blackness ahead. I do not know whether or not any of our shots took effect. I heard no cries. When we stopped to reload the reverberations of the fusillade had died away in the recesses of the roof all was still.

"To the boat," whispered Clarke.

We picked up the now fainting Thalida, dashed through the aura of flame and down the corridor, now in utter darkness. The door barred for a moment our progress, but Clarke's fingers soon found the bolt and we were safe.

"It was by ruse," said Thalida. "I

had no thought of de Loup and had long since hoped that he had passed out of our lives, when I was summoned by a false letter on board the Magellan in New York harbor. Once there I was seized and locked in a cabin.

"We were sitting in the ladies' cabin. I was watching the waves dashing over her bows. De Loup sat watching me. Writing materials were on the desk at my elbow, but I dared not even look at them for fear of arousing his suspicions. Then suddenly I looked up. He was dozing. I snatched a pen and wrote your address and three words of the message. Then he roused and I had only time to snatch the paper and conceal it in my dress before his sharp eyes were again upon me. I would send it anyway. I knew your intuitive wit would make something of it. I intrusted it to the stewardess. Fortunately they had left me my money. I told her it was a cypher and she swore to give it to the wireless operator in his little rookery on the upper deck. That was in the morning. In the afternoon I again had a chance to write a few words when I was again stopped by de Loup's eye. I again went to my cabin and calling the stewardess sent it to the same address. I had one more chance to write. But when it came to telling you where to find me I suddenly remembered that I did not know. I sent the dispatch anyway. I had no more chance to write. I believe that de Loup already suspected. I now think he knew it all the time and was anxious that I lure you on for that same day he told me that our destination was near New Orleans. I still hoped for a chance to get you word, but all the time I telephoned

those two words to you with all the intensity of my being."

Woman like she had omitted that part we were most anxious to hear, the cause of the death of the wolf.

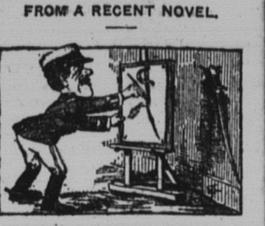
"O, yes," she continued, "but the blow that struck him I had reserved for myself when all else had failed. We were on the launch going up the narrow harbor of the island. I was alone on the after deck watching the sails that coiled and twisted in the branches that almost swept the sides of the boat. They had no horror for me, for as you know, I have a strange power over all animal life. Suddenly a peculiar little green snake fell from a tree limb onto the deck almost at my feet. From its triangular head I knew it to be deadly poisonous. Here was my weapon. I snatched it up and concealed it in my dress. I might be able to turn it upon the count. If not I should force it to bite myself. When I pressed for the ceremony I placed it at my throat. I was about to reach for it when it struck."

"And the sheet of flame and the lights?" I interposed, unable longer to restrain my curiosity on these points.

"Oh, that's all simple enough," answered Clarke. "Mere buffoonery. I saw through it at the time. The count was no mean electrician. He had his own plant. As for the sheet of flame, have you never seen a high frequency current pass between two poles? Two million volts of violet rays from such an apparatus have been sent through the human body with no effect but a slight tingling and the visible stream of fire."

(Copyright, 1909, by W. G. Chapman)
(Copyright in Great Britain)

HOW TRAPPERS LOSE.
Local trappers are thoroughly dissatisfied with the prices paid here for furs and skins. The other day, Ernest Smith offered two No. 1 prime skunk skins for sale here, and was offered \$1.50 each. Mr. Smith also offered one No. 2 skunk skin for sale and was offered 60 cents. He refused these offers and shipped the skins to E. C. Blake & Co., 42 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, and received \$2.75 each for the No. 1 skins and \$1.75 for the No. 2 skin, a total of \$7.25, as against \$3.60 offered for the skins here. This morning Mr. Smith was notified by the Detroit firm that the price had advanced.—Niles, Mich., Daily Star.



"Whereupon he instantly drew his sword."

CHILD HAD SIXTY BOILS,
And Suffered Annually with a Red Scald-Like Humor on Her Head.

Troubles Cured by Cuticura.

"When my little Vivian was about six months old her head broke out in boils. She had about sixty in all and I used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment which cured her entirely. Some time later a humor broke out behind her ears and spread up on to her head until it was nearly half covered. The humor looked like a scald, very red with a sticky, clear fluid coming from it. This occurred every spring. I always used Cuticura Soap and Ointment which never failed to heal it up. The last time it broke out it became so bad that I was discouraged. But I continued the use of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent until she was well and has never been troubled in the last two years. Mrs. M. A. Schwerin, 674 Spring Wells Ave., Detroit, Mich., Feb. 24, 1908."

Looking Forward.
Mr. Wiggins, being in a frivolous mood, was giving a burlesque imitation of palmistry—pretending to read his wife's fortune in her palm. Six-year-old Ruth was listening with intense seriousness, but neither of them was noticing her.

"And, finally," he concluded, after the usual recitals about a dark man, a light man, a journey, and a large fortune, "you will live to a great age."

"Thank God!" broke in Ruth, clapping her hands ecstatically. "Then my children will have a grandmother!"

Original Wedding Cake.
It is said to be a curious fact that the wedding cake, that elaborate, indigestible compound so indispensable at the modern marriage ceremony, is the direct descendant of a cake made of water, flour and salt, of which, at the Roman high-class weddings, the married couple and the witnesses partook at the time of the signing of the contract.—Housekeeping.

Prof. Munyon has generously placed his Cold Cure with druggists throughout the United States and has authorized them to sell it for the small sum of 25 cts. a bottle. He says these pellets contain no opium, morphine, cocaine or other harmful drugs, and he guarantees that they will relieve the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. He gives this guarantee with each bottle of his medicine: "If you buy my Cold Cure and it does not give perfect satisfaction, I will refund your money." Prof. Munyon has just issued a Magazine-Almanac, which will be sent free to any person who addresses The Munyon Company, Philadelphia.

Clear Deduction.
"The private detective who was shadowing the great financier hit upon a certain way of making him show his hand."
"What did he do?"
"He disguised himself as a man-curlist."—Baltimore American.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the perfect hearing, and when a running sound or impulse is taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. It is caused by ten or more causes by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sent for circulars, free.

A Slow One.
"Am I the first man who ever asked you for a kiss?"
"Yes. The others showed more nerve. They took it."—Exchange.

For Coughs, Asthma and Lung Troubles, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches," 25 cents a box. Samples sent free by John L. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

A friendly old world this would be if we all loved our neighbors as we love ourselves!
A good honest remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat is Hamlin's Wizard Oil. Nothing will so quickly drive out all pain and inflammation.

The recording angel probably doesn't pay any attention to the lies a man tells when he is in love.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

You can not learn to be a dramatic critic by reading the Acts.

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THE BATTLE CREEK FIRES INCENDIARY

INVESTIGATING THE BURNING OF THE HASKELL HOME FOR ORPHANS.

A MYSTERIOUS PROWLER

Belief That the Building Was Fired by an Incendiary is Held by the Adventists Generally.

Investigation of the fire which destroyed the Haskell Home for Orphans, in Battle Creek, and cost the lives of Lena McCleary, Cecil Coutant and George Goodnow, has begun under the leadership of Police Farrington. The latter is working on the theory that incendiary is the cause was inclined to think the cause was incendiary, even though beyond explanation.

Mrs. R. S. Owen, wife of the home superintendent, gave the police a tip when she mentioned the fact that a few nights previous to the fire she heard a man prowling around the lower floors. She called her husband, but the stranger disappeared before Owen reached the scene. Not suspecting a firebug or a burglar, the superintendent did not hurry.

The ruins will be guarded from now on, and sightseers kept from the site, the police wishing nothing to be disturbed until a more thorough search for bodies is made. Fire Chief Weeks believes the victims were incinerated, and that exhaustive digging will bring no results.

That the building was fired by an incendiary is the general belief of the Adventists and light is desired on the cause of this tragedy—and of the other unexplained disasters which have followed west side institutions connected at one time with the Seventh Day Adventist church. Without positive proof, save in two instances, it is believed that most of these fires which have caused a property loss of nearly \$1,000,000, were incendiary. The confession of a woman, a matter of record with sanitary officials, that was withheld from general publicity enables the destruction of the Sanitarium Health Food plant, July 19, 1898, to be officially rated as the work of an incendiary.

Evidence at the coroner's inquest following the burning of the sanitarium, May 18, 1903, also developed a clear case of incendiary. Arrests were made in this instance but the prosecutions were not pushed with any great zeal. Circumstantial evidence suggested, almost to a certainty, that the Review and Herald fire, Dec. 30, 1902, was caused by an incendiary, though no public investigation of this \$300,000 blaze was ever made. The Adventist church was openly gratified by the Review and Herald's destruction, for it was followed by the evacuation of Battle Creek by the greater majority of the Adventist printers, editors and electors. The coroner that Mother Eliza G. White had pleaded for for many years.

A "Wet" and "Dry" Fight. The spring elections in Washtenaw county will be enlivened by a local war of attrition. There has been a warm fight in which 567 original signers of local option petitions, after valiantly striking to get the board of supervisors to recognize their counter-petition, after they had turned "wet," took the matter to the circuit court and asked a mandamus to compel the board to recognize and consider their counter petition. Judge Kinne this morning filed his petition, claiming that as the board had acted upon the petition, he was constrained to hold such action final. He therefore denied the mandamus and discharged the order to show cause. In closing, Judge Kinne summed the present situation prevailing all over the state, as follows:

"There can be no denial of the fact that public sentiment and conscience upon the subject of temperance have been deeply aroused through alleged misconduct of certain liquor dealers. Such misconduct has seriously injured other parties engaged in the same business who strive to have the law obeyed. "I am not responsible for the enactment of these laws, but they exist, and there is no excuse for their violation. For those engaged in that business there is but one safe course, to obey the law or quit the business."

STATE NEWS BRIEFS.

Eaton Rapids is to have an ice manufacturing plant. Pottersville has purchased the old Potter residence and will convert it into a handsome school building. Adam Friend, 50, was crushed to death by a falling tree while chopping in the woods near Camden. The Oceana county agricultural society has decided to mortgage its fair ground in a sum not to exceed \$2,500.

James Holbrook, 21, lost both legs by being run over by an Ann Arbor freight train. He will probably recover. Miss Fannie Joynes, 20, of Syracuse, N. Y., a chorus girl in the Royal Chef Co., fell 30 feet through an open shaft in Traverse City. She may die.

Miss Tillie Levy, 22, from Racine, Wis., was caught in the elevator shafting of a Flint factory and her right leg broken in three places and badly crushed. West Branch is in darkness as a result of the council's cut in the bills of the Riffe River Electric Co. The manager of the company has ceased furnishing light.

A West Branch girl, Cora Embury, 17 years of age, is being sought by her parents. She left home suddenly a week ago and nothing has been heard of her since. Taking advantage of the mild weather of the last week, many farmers are doing their spring plowing. The oldest inhabitants cannot remember of a similar happening.

Mrs. Lucy Crandall, of Flint, was granted a divorce from her husband, Horton Crandall, who left his home 30 years ago and his wife has not seen or heard from him since. W. H. White, of Boyne City, whose name was mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination for regent of the University of Michigan, announces that he will not be a candidate.

Mrs. Kate Chappel has started suit for \$1,000 damages against a Muskegon furniture dealer, alleging trespass. She says that the man took a cook stove containing her dinner out of her home.

Edward Edmund, 26, and Peter Miller, 23, arrested on being caught in a Bay City grocery, are said by the police to have admitted robbing a clothing store last week of \$1,000 worth of goods.

As soon as William McGuire finishes serving time in Detroit for his numerous coal violations, he will be brought to Flint to face similar charges. He is said to have conducted operations on an extensive scale. Holding a young woman's photo in his hand, Howard McCarthy, 25, of Ovid, was found unconscious from an overdose of morphine. McCarthy was well dressed, but had no money. He lodged at the Ionia jail.

George Clouse, the Capac farmer, who threatened a young boy with death if he refused to pray and who at the time was suffering from insanity brought on by religion, has been taken to the Pontiac asylum.

Mrs. Rebecca Loomis, the oldest inhabitant of Bloomingdale, celebrated her ninety-second birthday Monday. She has lived in that vicinity 55 years and the affair was made the occasion of a village celebration.

T. A. Lawler, assistant attorney-general, has been commissioned major and judge advocate on Gov. Warner's staff with the National Guard. Maj. Lawler has been legal adviser of the military department for some time. Miss Becky Heiss, aged 40, daughter of a Scofield farmer, is dead from injuries received when she was gored by a mad bull while trying to cross a field. The family dog savagely attacked the bull to protect his mistress.

George Peek, a 5-year-old child, may lose the sight of his right eye as the result of an accident in school Wednesday. The little fellow was playing with a pen, when in some manner he stuck the point of the pen in his eye.

Judge Lewis McQueen, of Frankfort, Ky., who is staying at the Battle Creek sanitarium, predicts that Kentucky will go "dry" in a few years, so forceful is the sweep of the "anti-booze" movement in the south.

Two governors, H. R. Glenn, of North Carolina, and Gov. Buchtel, of Colorado, are booked for Battle Creek's 1909 Chautauqua program. So is James Watson, Populist; Rev. John Wesley Hill, of New York, and others.

Grand Rapids police are trying to learn who assaulted Isaac Klinger, an aged war veteran, who died from his wounds, Saturday. When he was found in the Soldiers' home basement the money he was known to have had on his person when he left his room was missing.

Mrs. Olive Wood, recently sentenced to from six months to fifteen years at Jackson, for assisting in killing her daughter's infant, will have to serve time in Detroit. She will be re-sentenced because there are no accommodations in Jackson for women prisoners. At a meeting of the Seventh District Dental Society, held in Port Huron, the "identification of bodies by the teeth" was taken up. Dr. C. V. Bowber, of St. Clair, exhibited the teeth of the late "Old" Browning at the meeting and told how the ashes of Browning were proven to be those of M. E. Browning, owing to a crown pin, which he had used in fixing the teeth of the slain man only a few weeks before his death. A new record for the opening of the swimming season was established Tuesday when W. F. Burnham and W. F. Leslie, athletes employed at the Battle-Creek sanitarium, went swimming in Lake Gogouac. They swam for a considerable distance, climbed up on the ice and sat down to rest, and then swam back. Both declared that the water was fine. Willie and Gladys Vuetenheimer, aged 11 and 6 years, have disappeared from their homes in the west end of Muskegon and every effort to locate them has proven unavailing. No trace has been found of the Ball boy who disappeared Saturday.

Good Rules.

Two striking amendments to the senate rules, both of which were prepared by Vice-President Fairbanks, were introduced in the senate by Mr. Lodge and were referred to the committee on rules. Their effect is to prevent a senator from referring offensively to either the president of the United States, or to the house of representatives, and to put an end to the reading of documents which have no bearing upon subjects under discussion, where the reading is for the sole purpose of advancing a filibuster.

The proposed rules are as follows: "When the reading of a paper is called for and objected to, or when the reading of a paper by a senator is objected to, such objection shall be determined by a vote of the senate without debate." "No senator in debate shall refer offensively to either of the other co-ordinate departments of the government or to the other branch of congress."

Castro Not Deported Yet. That the new government of Venezuela must bring a judicial prosecution in a criminal court against Cipriano Castro, self-exiled president of that country, in order to encompass his deposition officially, was stated by Count Luigi Aldrovandi, who arrived in New York from Caracas on the steamship Zulia.

"The actual political situation in Venezuela today is a peculiar one," said Count Aldrovandi. "Castro is still the official president of that country under the terms of the Venezuelan constitution. In order to make Gomez the constitutional president, it will be necessary to impeach Castro on a criminal count, and I understand that in order to do this a judicial prosecution will be brought against him, based on his alleged action in cabling to P. M. Cardenas, then a departmental governor, an order for the killing of Gomez during the riots that followed Castro's departure from Caracas."

Governor Haskell Given Ovation. Governor Haskell was given an ovation when he arrived from Guthrie to appear in the federal court and sign a bond under the indictment returned by the grand jury, charging him and six other prominent Oklahomans with conspiracy to defraud the government and the Indians in the town lot distribution.

The crowd clamored for a speech. The governor responded, standing in his automobile. He declared he had incurred the enmity of the corporations, of President Roosevelt and of the government in Washington by championing the cause of labor and preventing the importation of labor in the Oklahoma constitution hostile to labor in case of strikes in the matter of injunctions. He declared he would establish his innocence.

The date set for the opening of the new Saginaw-Detroit-Flint electric line is Feb. 15.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle—Market active and 10c higher than Wednesday. 15 to 20 extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$5.50; steers and heifers, 1.00 to 1.20; fat cows, \$4; good fat cows, \$3.50 to \$3.55; common cows, \$2.50 to \$3; canners, \$2.50 to \$3; choice heavy hulk, \$4 to \$4.10; fair hulk, \$3.50 to \$3.75; milkers, \$3.25 to \$3.50; young, medium age, \$4.50 to \$5; common milkers, \$2.50 to \$3. Veal calves—Market steady at Wednesday's prices; strong with last week's close. Best, \$7.00 to \$7.50; others, \$6.50 to \$7; milk cows and springers, good, strong. Sheep and lambs—Market 10 to 15c higher than last week. Fat lambs, \$7 to \$7.10; fair to good lambs, \$6.50 to \$6.75; light to common lambs, \$5.50 to \$6; good butcher sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.50; culls and common, \$2.75 to \$3.25.

Hogs—Market 5c higher than Wednesday and 10c above last week's close. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6.30 to \$6.50; pigs, \$5.25 to \$5.50; light Yorkers, \$6.50 to \$7.50. Fat hogs—Market opened strong and 25c firmer and closed steady, with all sold; best, medium and heavy, \$7.25 to \$7.50; best Yorkers, \$7.20 to \$7.25; light Yorkers, \$6.75 to \$7.15; pigs, \$6.50 to \$6.60; roughs, \$6.25 to \$6.50. Sheep—The market was active and from 40c to 50c higher; top lambs, \$7.40 to \$8; fair to good, \$6.75 to \$7.50; all lambs, \$5.25 to \$7; skins, \$4.50 to \$5.25; wethers, \$5.25 to \$5.75; ewes, \$4.75 to \$5; cull sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Yearling, best, \$5.50 to \$6; medium to good, \$7.50 to \$9; heavy, \$4 to \$5.

Grain, Etc. Detroit—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.14; May opened unchanged at \$1.11 1/2, touched \$1.12, lost 4c, advanced to \$1.11 1/2, and closed at \$1.11 1/2. July opened at \$1.01 1/2, gained 4c, dropped to the opening price, advanced to \$1.01 1/2, and closed at \$1.01 1/2. Opening September opened at 98c, advanced to 95 1/2c, lost 4c, advanced to 94c and closed. No. 1 red, \$1.07 1/2; No. 1 white, \$1.09 1/2. Corn—Cash No. 3, 63 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 2 cars at 64 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 1 car at 63c. Oats—Cash No. 1 white, 2 cars at 54c; May, 54c. Rye—Cash No. 2, 76c. Beans—Cash and February, \$2.28; May, \$2.30 bid. Cloverseed—Prime spot, 100 bags at \$5.50; M. red, 200 bags at \$5.55; sample, 27 bags at \$5.30, 24 at \$5.20, 18 at \$5.10, 12 at \$5; sample aisles, 6 bags at \$5.25, 10 at \$7.25. Timothy seed—Prime spot, 125 bags at \$1.78. Barley—Best samples, \$1.25 to \$1.30 per cwt. Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$2; coarse middlings, \$2.75; fine middlings, \$3; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, \$2.75 per ton. Flour—Michigan patent, best, \$5.75; ordinary patent, \$5.25; straight, \$5.15; clear, \$5 per bbl in wood.

Propped up in bed by pillows, Arthur C. Monroe, of Lansing, ill of lung fever, married Miss Emma L. Lout in the home the two had prepared. Waldo Johnson, husky Battle Creek fireman, can stand the hardships of his job, but when it comes to having his tonsils taken out, he loses his nerve. Walking into Dr. R. D. Sleight's office for this job, Johnson put up such a bold front that the doctor did the tonsil-removing on the spot. When he finished Johnson didn't move; he had fainted from fright. The scared fireman had to be removed to a hospital for resuscitation.

THEY KNEW HOW TO WORK BUT DON'T NEED TO WORK NOW SO HARD.

The experience of the Bissler Bros. in Western Canada is similar to that reported to every agent of the Canadian Government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere: "Wheatwyt, Sask., Nov. 6th, 1908. "To the Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg, Manitoba.—Dear Sir: I, in company with my brother and other relations, arrived in this country in the spring of 1893. At the time we got off the train at Wolesey, Sask., we had only a few dollars, not enough to start farming on our own account, so we were compelled to work out for a considerable time in order to make sufficient money to enable us to establish ourselves. When we thought we had enough money to start with, I and my brother took up one quarter-section (160 acres) land each in the Loon Creek district. In 1900 we moved on our homesteads with one team of horses and one walking plow. While I was engaged with the work in the field, my brother built a shack and barn of logs, which we have hauled during the time we were not able to work in the field. We were certainly working very hard, but I am glad to say that we made our fortune in this country. To-day we do not need to work so hard as we used to, as we have three men hired steady for whom we pay \$30.00 to \$40.00 a month, besides board and lodging during the summer time! I am also glad to tell you that to-day we are owners of a section and three-quarters of the best land, with first class buildings thereon, besides having all the necessary machinery. We always do our own threshing, for we have a 22 horse-power threshing outfit. "Our success in farming in this country also enabled us to get rid of a number of horses of less value, and instead we bought 10 pure-bred mares, representing a value in the neighborhood of \$5,000. "Regarding raising grain, which is the main factor in our district, I am proud to say that we have always had good success. We have raised wheat as high as 35 bushels to the acre; and this year, although we suffered from lack of sufficient rain, our wheat went 27 bushels to the acre, and we had 900 acres in crop. We have broken this year about 100 acres new land, and by next year we will have about 1,110 acres in crop. For one carload of wheat which we have shipped a few weeks ago we got a price of 97 cents per bushel, and it graded as No. 2 Northern, although we have a quantity of wheat which will surely go as No. 1 Northern. During the six years we have been farming for ourselves we have never had one frost around here, so that we always had a good crop. "I, for myself, feel compelled to say that our Great West is the land where a person who is willing to work and turn his hands to anything, can make a fortune, and a comfortable living. Our country is a thoroughly free country, and we have a good Government; and, as long as we have good crops, and a good Government, we are satisfied, and I think that is all we want. "Yours very truly, "LORENZ BISSELER, "P. O. Wheatwyt, Sask."

Remove a Blot. "Mister," inquired the tramp, "would you contribute a dollar to help beautify your town?" "What's the idea?" "For a dollar I'll move on to the next town."

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Well, Do They? "Papa," "Yes, Willie." "Papa, when the cannibals eat a man do they save his Adam's apple for dessert?"

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To Enjoy

the full confidence of the Well-Informed of the World and the Commendation of the most eminent physicians it was essential that the component parts of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna should be known to and approved by them; therefore, the California Fig Syrup Co. publishes a full statement with every package. The perfect purity and uniformity of product, which they demand in a laxative remedy of an ethical character, are assured by the Company's original method of manufacture known to the Company only.

The figs of California are used in the production of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna to promote the pleasant taste, but the medicinal principles are obtained from plants known to act most beneficially. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all leading druggists.



"Have your poems been read by many people?" "Certainly—about twenty publishers that I know of."

MIX FOR RHEUMATISM

The following is a never failing recipe for rheumatism. To one-half pint of good whiskey add one ounce syrup sarsaparilla and one ounce Toris compound, which can be procured of any druggist. Take in teaspoonful doses before each meal and before retiring.

Showing the Right Spirit. A little boy had been naughty at dinner, and had been sent away from the table just as his favorite dessert—cabinet pudding with butter and sugar sauce—was being served. About nine o'clock that evening, when the other children had gone to bed and his parents were alone in the sitting room, a tear-stained little face and a white-robed figure appeared at the door.

"Mamma," it said, bravely, between sobs, "you told me never to go to sleep when anything wrong had been done until it was all fixed by right, so I came down to tell you that—that—that—I—forgive me and papa for what you did to me at the dinner table."

A Black Eye for Home. It is a coming fashion to hire a hall to entertain your friends, to give dinner parties in a hotel, to be married in a church, to be taken to a hospital when you are sick and to an undertaker's as soon as you die, and left there until the funeral. The tendency is to conduct all public occasions away from home. The home is getting a black eye.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

The Herb Laxative, Garfield Tea, aids Nature in maintaining the general well-being of the body; it corrects constipation, purifies the blood, brings health.

Occasionally a woman goes to church for the purpose of ascertaining how many of her neighbors don't.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of J. W. GROVE. Use the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 2c.

Even a girl has no use for the other side of a mirror.

Use Allen's Foot-Powder. Cures itching, sweating feet. 25c. Trial package free. A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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JUST DOUBLE

320 ACRES INSTEAD OF 160 ACRES

As further inducement to settlement of the wheat-raising lands of Western Canada, the Canadian Government has increased the area that may be taken by a homesteader to 320 acres—160 free and 160 to be purchased at \$3.00 per acre. These lands are in the grain-raising area, where mixed farming is also carried on with unqualified success. A railway will shortly be built to Hudson Bay, bringing the world's markets a thousand miles nearer these wheat-fields, where schools and churches are convenient, climate excellent, railways close to all settlements, and local markets good.

It would take time to assimilate the revolution that a visit to the great empire lying to the North of us unfolded at every turn. Correspondence of a National Editor, who visited Western Canada in August, 1908.

Lands may also be purchased from railway and land companies at low prices and on easy terms. For pamphlets, maps and information as to low railway rates, apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government Agent: M. V. McINNES, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAURIER, Seattle, Wash., Mich.

You Are In Danger if you let that cold run on. Neglected colds cause incurable diseases. Don't risk your health. Keep a bottle of DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT in your home. It's the safest, surest and quickest remedy for colds ever compounded. For Coughs, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Inflammation of the Lungs, in fact, all diseases caused by neglected colds. It has no equal. Recommended and sold by druggists everywhere. Three size bottles, \$1.00, 50c, 25c.

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W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 SHOES \$3.50



The Reason I Make and Sell More Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes Than Any Other Manufacturer is because I give the wearer the benefit of the most complete experience of almost every shoe maker in the country. The selection of the leather for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making in every department, is done by the best shoemakers in the shoe industry. If I could show you how easily W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would be surprised why they are so cheap. My Method of Tanning the Soles makes them More Flexible and Longer Wearing than any other. These four things make my shoes superior to those of any other shoe maker. Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children. For sale by shoe dealers everywhere. For more information write to W. L. Douglas, 147 Spring St., Boston, Mass. CAUTION! Name and price stamped on bottom. Fast Color Fast. Best Made. Guaranteed. W. L. DOUGLAS, 147 Spring St., Boston, Mass.

CLOVER SEED

Absolutely Pure, No Weeds. E. G. Gov. Board of Wisconsin, from 30 acres sown to Salzer's 20th Century Alfalfa, harvested within six weeks after seeding \$500.00 worth of magnificent hay, or at the rate of \$100.00 per acre. Big seed catalog free. Send 10c in stamps for sample of the alfalfa, also Billion Dollar Grass, Oats, Wheat, Barley, etc. easily worth \$10.00 of any man's money to get. Sample sent free. Write for our sample farm seed never sent before by you. SALZER SEED CO., Box W, La Crosse, Wis.

ACTIVE AGENTS MAKE \$25 TO \$100 WEEKLY selling the famous new 813 typewriter. First practical standard two-hundred-rod type machine. Durable, reliable, easy to use, low price. Write for full particulars. Salzer Typewriter Co., Dept. B, 281 Broadway, N. Y. City.

FOR SALE—Best 250 acres in West Virginia. Best soil in Ohio. General country store. G. W. CULP, Marietta, Ohio.

DEFIANCE STARCH easiest to work with and starches clothes best. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 7, 1909.

A flavoring that is used the same as lemon or vanilla; by dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send \$5 for 2 oz. bot. and recipe book. Crescent St. Co., Seattle.

GERMANY, a country smaller than Texas, grows more oats than nearly the whole of Europe put together. Why? It has no better soil than any other, but it sows only pedigree, big yielding varieties. EMPEROR WILLIAM OATS. Some years ago when in Germany, we picked up this remarkable oat in a rich side valley of the Rhine. Thousands of American farmers tried it last year and are loud and earnest in its praise. Trial package free. REJUVENATED WHITE BONARZA OATS. Salzer's White Bonarza Oats, 21 years ago, took the world's prize of \$20,000 in gold for the highest yielding variety. (Our catalog tells the interesting story.) We have rejuvenated this oat and offer it again as something quite above the ordinary. HEADQUARTERS FOR AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE SEED such as Minnesota No. 8 and No. 10 Oats Wisconsin Swedish Oats, Underbraker (Wis. No. 8), Minnesota No. 8 and No. 10 Barley, Minnesota No. 3 and No. 4 Oats, No. 10 Oats, Wheat, etc., etc. We have by us the largest Seed Potatoes trade in the world; one of our cellars alone holds 50,000 bushels! BIG SEED, PLANT and TOOL BOOK FREE. We publish the most original seed catalog in America. It bristles with seed thoughts. (Try to remember them.) Our seed catalog is the best in the world. It contains the most complete and up-to-date information on all the latest seed varieties, including Billion Dollar Grass, the 12 ton Hay Wonder, Sparta, the 80 lbs. cereal and hay product, Silver King Barley, yielding 175 lbs. per acre, together with other varieties, timothy, grasses, etc., etc. worth \$10.00 of any man's money to get a start therewith. Or fill in and we will send a package of a New Farm Seed Novelty never before sent by you.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. Box W, LA CROSSE, WIS.

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Eptzootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever. Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how long as any eye is inflamed or "sore." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands; cures the eye, cleans the eye, and restores the eye to its normal condition. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Chloera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. One L. Gripe among humans being a life threatening remedy. Be it a bottle, \$1.00; 6 bottles, \$5.00. Out throat. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Chloera and Cures." Special agents wanted. Chemists and Apothecaries GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A. SPONH MEDICAL CO., Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A

GRAPES, from their most healthful properties, give ROYAL its active and principal ingredient. ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. It is economy to use Royal Baking Powder. It saves labor, health and money.

DR. J. T. WOODS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in the Stefan-Merkel block. Residence on Congdon street. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Telephone 114.

S. G. BUSH, R. F. CHASE. BUSH & CHASE, PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Offices in the Freeman-Cummings block. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

A. L. STEGER, DENTIST. Office—Kempf Bank Block, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Phone—Office, 82, 2r; Residence, 82, 3r.

JAMES S. GORMAN, LAW OFFICE. East Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. B. B. Turnbull. H. D. Witherell. CHELSEA, MICH.

STIVERS & KALMBACH, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. General Law practice in all courts. No tary Public in the office. Phone 63. Office in Kempf Bank Block. CHELSEA, MICH.

S. A. MAPES, FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER. FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea Telephone No. 6. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PARKER & BECKWITH, Real Estate Dealers. Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance Office in Hatch-Durand block.

E. W. DANIELS, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard-Herald office, or address Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and in cup furnished free.

F. D. MERITHEW, LICENSED AUCTIONEER. Bell Phone 62, Manchester, Mich. Dates made at this office.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M. Regular meetings for 1909 are as follows: Jan. 7, Feb. 7, Mar. 3, 30, May 4, June 1, 29, July 27, Aug. 24, Sept. 28, Oct. 26, Nov. 23, Dec. 21. St. John's Day, June 24—Dec. 27. Visiting Brothers welcome. E. J. Whipple, W. M. C. W. Maroney, Sec.

Price 25 Cents. TRAVELERS' RAILWAY GUIDE. 315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

DETROIT Headquarters for Michigan People. THE GRISWOLD HOUSE. POSTAL & MOREY, Props.

THE GRISWOLD HOUSE. AMERICAN PLAN—\$2.50 to \$3.50 Per Day. EUROPEAN PLAN—\$1.00 to \$2.50.

Strictly modern and up-to-date hotel centrally located, in the very heart of the retail shopping district of Detroit, corner Griswold and Grand River Aves., only one block from Woodward Ave. Jefferson, Third and Fourteenth cars pass by the house. When you visit Detroit stop at the Griswold House.

\$15 REWARD. Weekly comes quickly to the graduate of the Detroit Business University. Get ready. Free Catalogue. Write for it. R. J. Bennett, 1111 W. C. P. A., Principal, 15 Wilcox St., Detroit.

Subscribe for The Chelsea Standard and get all the news.

EFFECTIVE RECIPES.

Home-Made Kidney, Bladder and Rheumatism Medicine For Readers.

Here is a simple home-made mixture as given by an eminent authority on kidney diseases, who makes the statement that it will relieve almost any case of kidney trouble if taken before the stage of Bright's disease. He states that such symptoms as lame back, pain in the side, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night; painful and discolored urination are readily overcome. Here is the recipe. Try it.

Fluid extract dandelion, one half ounce; compound kargon once ounce, compound syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime. These ingredients are all harmless and easily mixed at home by shaking well in a bottle. This mixture has a peculiar healing and soothing effect upon the entire kidney and urinary structure, and often overcomes the worst forms of rheumatism in just a little while. This mixture is said to remove all blood disorders and cure rheumatism by forcing the kidneys to filter and strain from the blood and system all uric acid and foul decomposed waste matter, which cause the affliction. Try it if you aren't well. Save the prescription.

"Strongheart."

"Strongheart," Wm. C. DeMille's play of "Varsity life will be presented in Ann Arbor on Saturday, matinee and night, February 13, at the new Whitney theatre, has received some of the strongest endorsements that have been vouchsafed any comedy-drama of recent years no matter of what character. It was the review of Mr. W. L. Hubbard, the dramatic editor of the Chicago Tribune, who had the following to say concerning the merit of the play: "Strongheart" itself is a play of worth, being entitled, in fact, to a place among the best that any of our American writers have supplied. It tells, and interestingly, a story, it deals with a problem, and does so honestly, logically, and convincingly, and it contains such a liberal supply of college life, excitement and spirit that the attractive form of bright comedy is given to a play which, in fact, has a serious question of race as its fundamental idea.

We have had no college football game that has been managed with more effectiveness than is the one in the second act of "Strongheart." Few plays contain a more telling third act, and rarely has any of our native playwrights hit upon a more artistic and true ending than is supplied by this Indian, standing outstretched arms praying to the Great Spirit of his fathers for help because he is "so alone." It is a play which every amusement seeker cannot but enjoy, and it is one that calls for nothing other than unqualified approval.

Seared With A Hot Iron

Or scalded by overturned kettle—cut with a knife—bruised by slammed door—Injured by gun or in any other way—the thing needed at once is Bucken's Arnica Salve to subdue inflammation and kill the pain. It's the earth's supreme healer, infallible for boils, ulcers, fever sores, eczema and piles. 25c at Fenn & Vogel and Freeman & Cummings Co.

IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW.

What a heap of happiness it would bring to Chelsea Homes.

Hard to do housework with an aching back. Brings your hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause—that Backache pains come from sick kidneys.

"Two-ids save much needless woe."

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys. Mrs. James Colder, 422 Hill street, Ann Arbor, Mich., says: "Whenever I hear anyone complaining of kidney trouble, I advise them to use Doan's Kidney Pills. About three years ago I was suddenly afflicted with an attack of this complaint and was forced to take to my bed. The pains in my back were almost unbearable and often radiated throughout my body. The kidney secretions were also too frequent in action and during passages pained me intensely. The doctors did not help me, and having heard Doan's Kidney Pills so highly spoken of, I procured a box and started taking them. I improved steadily and am today without a sign of kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, Sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and ask no other.

BREVITIES

Mrs. Cornelia Pawling of Adrian, while on her way to church Sunday evening stumbled on some cement steps and fell, striking the back of her head. She died shortly afterwards, having injured the base of her brain.

A rumor is afloat in Dundee that the Toledo & Ann Arbor electric railroad which is graded to that place and for several miles northward is to be abandoned. That the road will cross the river at Peasburg and make a bee line for Benton leaving Dundee out in the cold.—Tecumseh News.

Rabbi Leo M. Franklin advocates the establishment of a synagogue at Ann Arbor for the benefit of the Jewish students who attend the university and of whom there are between 100 and 200 in attendance yearly. The synagogue would be under the direction of the Temple Bethel of which Dr. Franklin is the head.

Grover G. of Saline, who pitched for the Toledo baseball club in the American association last year and at one time pitched with the Tecumseh club, did not wear a Toledo uniform this year. He wanted more money and President Armour could not see it that way, so Grover did not sign a Toledo contract.

Norman Campbell, State son of Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Campbell, born of town, got his father's revolver one day last week and while playing with it, it was discharged, the ball taking off the end of one of his fingers. Bad as it was it was lucky, as a little sister was playing with him and might have been shot.—Pinckney Dispatch.

Hon. J. T. Hammond, who fell on the icy sidewalk and fractured his left wrist a month ago, was so unfortunate last Saturday, as to again fall—this time in front of the Smith-Winchester store, and break a rib and sustain severe injuries to his back. The Judge is able now to appear at his office a portion of the time.—Jackson Star.

Another co-operative company has "given up the ghost." This time it is the one that was started in Saline a few years ago. In commenting upon its failure to continue doing business "at the old stand," the Saline Observer has this to say: "At the annual meeting of the Saline Co-operative Co., held Monday, it was the sense of a majority of the stockholders present to discontinue business and a committee was appointed to take steps at once to effect a sale of the stock and fixtures on hand."

While C. A. Pinckney was generating a gasoline burner last Tuesday afternoon, the flames suddenly shot up in the air several feet. Mr. Pinckney was so unprepared for the "shock" that he fell over backward and when Mrs. Johnson ran to him it was quite a few moments before she could convince him that he had not been blown through the roof. But he was not hurt in the least, and the flames only scorched the window casing slightly.—Plymouth Mail.

The gossips at Ann Arbor are much interested in the news which has leaked out, that Mrs. Taro Miyoshi, formerly Miss Agnes Brewer of England, whose father, Dr. John Brewer, an exceptionally brilliant man took a postgraduate course at the university there, was married September 22 last, in the Episcopal rectory there, to Edward Brogan, formerly coachman for Walter C. Mack, who also had employed Mrs. Miyoshi, after she had returned to America, thrown on her own resources. Brogan is now a livery stable driver. Mrs. Miyoshi is a woman of culture and refinement. Her romance with Taro Miyoshi, who was a student at the university, when she first met him ended unhappily. Miyoshi was a count, but when he brought his American bride to Japan, court intrigues caused their banishment and he set up a separate establishment with a Geisha girl. The Miyoshis have two children, a boy, who will assume his rank of Shizarku, and a fortune in Japan, and a girl, who is also in Japan.

"Jack the Grabber" is busy once more after a couple of months suspension of operations. Friday night between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock he was heard of twice on Huron street, when he grabbed a couple of girls as they were passing him in the dark. Saturday he became even more bold and at about the same hour as the night before, grabbed a married woman, who with two companions was walking on Liberty street near Second street. In this case the fellow nearly tore the woman's clothing off. In all three cases the victims of the grabber were so startled and frightened that they were unable to get a description of the man away.—Ann Arbor News.

"A Knight For a Day."

Tippling has been often abused. All kinds of evils have been laid to its charge. Now and then the great outburst of indignation are directed against the custom. But there is now something to be said in its favor. If it were not for the existence of tippling, and for a certain gentleman refusing to conform to the practice, there would be no "Knight for a Day."

That would have been disastrous for the new Whitney theatre. It would have lost a "show" which has had to eclipse all the records for success which that house has so often placed to its credit at this time of the year.

To explain. One Jonathan Joy is a waiter. He devoted his best service to a customer on a specific occasion, and that customer, a real knight by the way, wanted to recognize those services after the usual manner. He left behind him some legal papers, which Jonathan promptly annexed in lieu of his fee. He had something to do with the property, and gave him the idea of impersonating the rightful owner for a day. Hence the title of the summer show which on Tuesday, February 10th, will entertain this popular theatre's patrons.

It has all the elements of an entertainment designed for warm weather consumption. That the plot is of the kind that does not matter much, but at the same time is consistently in evidence and lends a spice of interest to what is going forward. Then the text is distinctly bright and full of happy and unexpected turns. Once more, the situations have been cleverly constructed, and while they gave away the secret of what is about to happen. Also the music is one striking and tuneful. The overture keys the audience into a spirit of expectation, warming the emotions as it were into a mood of appreciation, and all that follows has elements of enjoyment from one standpoint or another.

But all these merits have counted for little had it not been for the capable manner in which the business in hand has tackled by the different members of the company. A need of hearty praise is due to all the members of the chorus for the unflinching spirit which they show to their duties, and it must be added that the ladies of that chorus are good to look upon.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Purifiers makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

Democratic Caucus.

The Democrats of the township of Sylvan will meet in caucus in the town hall on Saturday, February 13, 1909, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day for the purpose of nominating 14 delegates to attend the county convention held in Ann Arbor February 16, 1909, for the purpose of nominating candidates for county auditors and the naming of 24 delegates to state convention and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said caucus.

Dated at Chelsea, Mich., February 8, 1909.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

Nature's Danger Colors. A warning yellow and black mark—the European salamander is called a "warning" coloration, and is the yellow and black outfit of a poisonous wasp. Animals in the yellow and black livery are avoided by the creatures so marked.

'Twas A Glorious Victory.

There's rejoicing in Fedora, Tenn. A man's life has been saved, and now Dr. King's New Discovery is the talk of the town for curing C. V. Pepper of deadly lung hemorrhages. "I could not work nor get about," he writes, "and the doctors did me no good, but, after using Dr. King's New Discovery three weeks, I feel like a new man, and can do good work again." For weak, sore or diseased lungs, coughs and colds, hemorrhages, hay fever, lagrippe, asthma or any bronchial affection it stands unrivalled. Price 50c, and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Sold and guaranteed by Fenn & Vogel and Freeman & Cummings Co.

Mo-Ka Coffee. No better Coffee sold on Earth for the Price "20¢ THE POUND". Sales on Mo-Ka have increased almost 400% FROM 1905 TO 1908. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR MO-KA COFFEE! SOLD ONLY IN 1-LB. SEALED PACKAGES.

Voters of Sylvan.

For your consideration I present myself as your candidate for the nomination of Supervisor on the Republican ticket at the caucus for the April election.

My experience with township affairs and past record in the office of Supervisor, should be sufficient guarantee for economy and good business methods.

As the present incumbent is the nominee for County Auditor, he is not a candidate for renomination, hence this announcement.

Respectfully yours, H. LIGHTHALL.

P. S.—My term for justice expires this spring.

INDIGESTION ENDS.

Misery From Your Disordered Stomach Goes In Five Minutes.

You can eat anything your stomach craves without fear of a case of indigestion or dyspepsia, or that your food will ferment or sour on your stomach if you will occasionally take a little Diapain after eating.

Your meals will taste good, and anything you eat will be digested; nothing can ferment or turn into acid or poison or stomach gas, which causes belching, dizziness, a feeling of fullness, after eating, nausea, indigestion (like a lump of lead in stomach), biliousness, heart burn, water brash, pain in stomach and intestines or other symptoms.

Headaches from the stomach are absolutely unknown where this effective remedy is used. Diapain really does all the work of a healthy stomach. It digests your meals when your stomach can't. Each triangle will digest all the food you can eat and leave nothing to ferment or sour.

Get a large 50 cent case of Paper's Diapain from your druggist and start taking today and by tomorrow you will actually brag about your healthy, strong stomach, for you then can eat anything and everything you want without the slightest discomfort or misery, and every particle of impurity and gas that is in your stomach and intestines is going to be carried away without the use of laxatives or any other assistance.

Two Farms for Sale.

I have for sale two farms located west of the village of Saline, one of 136 acres and one of 112 acres. Good buildings, good fences and good land. Prices reasonable. Arthur Brown, Ann Arbor, Mich.

Try The Standard Want Ads.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. PATENTS. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS & COPYRIGHTS &c. Scientific American. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 225 P St., Washington, D. C.

ATHENAEUM Jackson, Michigan. Wednesday, Feb. 17. B. C. WHITNEY'S Big New Musical Comedy A Knight For a Day. Prices, 25c to \$1.50. Saturday, Feb. 20th. Matinee and Night. Under Southern Skies. PRICES: Matinee, 25c and 50c. Evening, 25c, 50c, 75c \$1.00.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, Feb. 5, 1909, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$86,107 75. Bonds, mortgages and securities, 1,173 88. Premiums paid on bond, 1,173 88. Overdrafts, 634 10. Banking house, 15,000 00. Furniture and fixtures, 5,100 00. Other real estate, 400 00. Due from other banks and bankers, 2,346 60. Items in transit, 2,346 60. U. S. bonds, \$2,500 00. Due from banks in reserve cities, 6,882 11. U. S. and National bank currency, 11,609 00. Gold coin, 10,497 50. Silver coin, 1,375 80. Nickels and cents, 149 27. Checks, and other cash items, 123 34. Total, \$152,811 77.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$40,000 00. Surplus fund, 20,000 00. Undivided profits, net, 7,313 11. Dividends unpaid, 116 00. Commercial deposits, 78,691 32. Certificates of deposit, 25,036 76. Savings deposits, 349,760 94. Savings certificates, 51,693 64. Total, \$152,811 77.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. I, Geo. A. Beagle, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. A. BEAGLE, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10 day of Feb. 1909. My commission expires Feb. 5, 1911. H. D. WITHERELL, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: C. KLEIN, EDW. VOGEL, D. C. McLAUREN, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Farmers & Merchants Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, Feb. 10th, 1909, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$28,503 48. Bonds, mortgages and securities, 57,285 78. Overdrafts, 9 50. Banking house, 2,800 00. Furniture and fixtures, 933 07. Due from banks in reserve cities, 21,604 63. Exchanges for calling houses, 69 23. U. S. and National bank currency, 2,805 00. Gold coin, 2,185 00. Silver coin, 555 00. Nickels and cents, 118 16. Checks, and other cash items, 1,542 50. Total, \$118,531 93.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$25,000 00. Undivided profits, net, 180 50. Commercial deposits, 26,877 34. Savings deposits, 47,999 73. Savings certificates, 18,474 36. Total, \$118,531 93.

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss. I, P. G. Schaible, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

P. G. SCHAIBLE, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1909. My commission expires March 30, 1911. A. W. WILKINSON, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: H. L. WOOD, JOHN KALMBACH, O. C. BURKHART, Directors.

DETROIT UNITED LINES Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit. LIMITED CARS. East bound, 7:42 am 1:42 pm 4:27 pm. West bound, 9:45 am 2:42 pm 5:45 pm. LOCAL CARS. East bound—6:36 am; 8:40 am, and every two hours to 8:40 pm; also 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55. West bound—6:44 am; 7:50 am, and every two hours to 11:50 pm. Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 3rd day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Ann Wheeler, deceased. On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Thomas McGuinness, heir, praying that administration of said estate be granted to James S. Gorman, or some other suitable person, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed. It is ordered, that the 27th day of February, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Commissioners Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Mary E. Clark, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will not be at the office of Turnbull & Witherell, in the office of Chelsea, in said county, on the 3rd day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, February 3rd, 1909. EDWARD GORMAN, C. E. WHITAKER, Commissioners.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 27th day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Lucius Wheeler, deceased. On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Samuel H. Voegeding, creditor, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Samuel H. Voegeding, or some other suitable person, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed. It is ordered, that the 27th day of February, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 27th day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Richard Wheeler, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of William Wheeler, executor of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at private sale for the purpose of paying legacies and distribution and expenses of administration. It is ordered, that the 10th day of February, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 18th day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Christian Eisenman, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of Wm. H. Eisenman, executor of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to mortgage certain real estate described therein for the purpose of paying debts. It is ordered, that the 13th day of February, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 28th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Frances B. Schultz, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of James F. Bush, executor of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at public sale for the purpose of paying debts and distribution. It is ordered, that the 6th day of March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 6th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Celina Bush, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of James F. Bush, executor of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at public sale for the purpose of paying debts and distribution. It is ordered, that the 6th day of March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 6th day of February, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Celina Bush, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of James F. Bush, executor of said estate, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate described therein at public sale for the purpose of paying debts and distribution. It is ordered, that the 6th day of March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

(A true copy) EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. DORCAS C. DONEGAN, Register.

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